

# XLERATE DRIVELINE INDIA LIMITED

Annual Report 2014-15



### **NOTICE**

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the **20<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting** of the Members of Xlerate Driveline India Limited will be held as under:

Day ·

Thursday

Date

30th July, 2015

Time

10:30 A.M.

Venue

Shed No. I, Gurukul Industrial Estate

Faridabad- 121003

Haryana

to transact the following business:

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESS:**

- To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2015 together with Reports of the Board and Auditors thereon.
- To ratify the appointment of M/s B.R. Maheshwari & Co. (ICAI Registration No. 01035N), Chartered Accountants, as Statutory Auditors of the Company for the Financial Year 2015-16 and to fix their remuneration.

## SPECIAL BUSINESS:

- 3. To consider appointment of Mr. V.K. Pargal, Director of the Company, as an Independent Director on the Board of the Company and if thought fit, pass the following resolution as Ordinary Resolution, with or without modification(s):
  - "RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 149, 150, 152 and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) read with Schedule IV to the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. V.K. Pargal (holding DIN 00076639), Director of the Company who retires by rotation at the Annual General Meeting and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing from a member under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 signifying their intention to propose Mr. V.K. Pargal as a candidate for the office of the Director of the Company, be and is hereby appointed as an Independent Director of the Company to hold office for five consecutive years for a term up to the conclusion of the 25th Annual General meeting of the Company in the calendar year 2020."
- 4. To consider appointment of Mr. Rajiv Chandra Rastogi, Director of the Company, as an Independent Director on the Board of the Company and if thought fit, pass the following resolution as Ordinary Resolution, with or without modification(s):



"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 149, 150, 152 and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) read with Schedule IV to the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Rajiv Chandra Rastogi (holding DIN 00035460), Director of the Company who retires by rotation at the Annual General Meeting and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing from a member under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 signifying their intention to propose Mr. Rajiv Chandra Rastogi as a candidate for the office of the Director of the Company, be and is hereby appointed as an Independent Director of the Company to hold office for five consecutive years for a term up to the conclusion of the 25th Annual General meeting of the Company in the calendar year 2020."

2. To consider and Approve the Related Party Transaction with Bharat Gears Limited and if thought fit, pass the following resolution as Special Resolution, with or without modification(s):

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 188(1)(d) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 15 of the Companies (Meeting of Board & its Powers) Rules, 2014, approval of the shareholders be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter referred "The Board") to enter into transaction or transactions with Bharat Gears Limited (BGL), a Related Party, during the financial year 2015-16, where the value of the transaction or transactions may exceed 10% of the consolidated Net Worth of the Company as on 31st March, 2015."

3. To Consider the alteration of Articles of Association (AOA) of the Company in terms of provisions of Section 14 of the Companies Act, 2013 and if thought fit, pass the following resolution(s) as Special Resolution, with or without modification(s):

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 14 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and subject to such other approvals as may be required, the consent of the members be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors for the alteration of Articles of Association (AOA) of the Company thereby replacing the current Clause no(s) 1 to 214 with the new Clause(s) 1 to 213 as elaborated in the explanatory statement forming part of this resolution.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** Mr. Surinder P. Kanwar, Chairman and Director, Mr. Sachit Kanwar, Managing Director and Mr. Shalesh Kumar, Senior Manager-F & A & (CFO) and Company Secretary of the Company are hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds & things as may be required or deemed necessary to implement the said resolution.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT a certified true copy of this resolution may be forwarded to anyone concerned or interested in the matter under the signatures either of Mr. Sachit Kanwar, Managing Director of the Company or Mr. Shalesh Kumar, Senior Manager- F & A & (CFO) or Company Secretary of the Company."



### By Order of the Board

Place: New Delhi Date: 30.05.2015

Chanchal Gupta Company Secretary

#### **NOTES:**

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote instead of himself/herself and such proxy (ies) need not be a Member of the Company. A person can act as proxy on behalf of members not exceeding fifty (50) and holding in the aggregate not more than ten percent of the total share capital of the Company. The instrument appointing proxy(ies) must be deposited at the Registered office of the Company, duly completed and signed, not less than forty-eight hours before commencement of the Meeting.
- 2. Members seeking any further clarification/information(s) relating to the Annual Financial Statements are requested to write at the Registered Office of the Company.
- 3. Members are requested to promptly notify change in their address, if any, at the Registered Office of the Company.

Place: New Delhi Date: 30.05.2015 By Order of the Board

Chanchal Gupta Company Secretary

# EXPLANATORY STATEMENT (PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013)

#### Item No. 3

Mr. V.K. Pargal, aged 82 Years, is a Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company since January 23, 2013. He is a qualified Chartered Engineer from England. Presently he is also managing a Consultancy Company specializing in business Strategies and Structures and he holds directorship in Pargal Consultants Private Limited. He also holds directorship in Raunaq International Limited, Holding Company and Bharat Gears Limited, a Company within the Group.

Mr. V.K. Pargal retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting under the erstwhile applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. In terms of Section 149 and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. V.K. Pargal being eligible and offering himself for appointment, is proposed to be appointed as an Independent Director for five consecutive years for a term up to the conclusion of the



25<sup>th</sup>Annual General Meeting of the Company in the calendar year 2020. A notice has been received from a member under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 signifying their intention to propose Mr. V.K. Pargal as a candidate for the office of Director of the Company.

In the opinion of the Board, Mr. V.K. Pargal fulfills the conditions specified in the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder for his appointment as an Independent Director of the Company and is independent of the management. Accordingly, the Board recommends the resolution in relation to appointment of Mr. V.K. Pargal as an Independent Director, for the approval by the shareholders of the Company.

Except Mr. V.K. Pargal, being an appointee, none of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives is concerned or interested, financial or otherwise, in the resolution set out at Item No. 3 of the Notice

#### Item No. 4

Mr. Rajiv Chandra Rastogi, aged 63 Years, is a Director of the Company since 25<sup>th</sup> October, 1995. Mr. Rajiv Chandra Rastogi is a Commerce graduate from Delhi University.

Mr. Rajiv Chandra Rastogi retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting under the erstwhile applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. In terms of Section 149 and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Rajiv Chandra Rastogi being eligible and offering himself for appointment, is proposed to be appointed as an Independent Director for five consecutive years for a term up to the conclusion of the 25<sup>th</sup>Annual General Meeting of the Company in the calendar year 2020. A notice has been received from a member under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 signifying their intention to propose Mr. Rajiv Chandra Rastogi as a candidate for the office of Director of the Company.

In the opinion of the Board, Mr. Rajiv Chandra Rastogi fulfills the conditions specified in the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder for his appointment as an Independent Director of the Company and is independent of the management. Accordingly, the Board recommends the resolution in relation to appointment of Mr. Rajiv Chandra Rastogi as an Independent Director, for the approval by the shareholders of the Company.

Except Mr. Rajiv Chandra Rastogi, being an appointee, none of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives is concerned or interested, financial or otherwise, in the resolution set out at Item No. 4 of the Notice.

#### Item No. 5

The Company entered into an agreement with Bharat Gears Limited (BGL), a Related Party, on 21<sup>st</sup> January, 2013 for brand usage of BGL and availing marketing services for a period of 7 (Seven) years w.e.f. 21<sup>st</sup> January, 2013.

In terms of Section 177 and Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, the said transaction was approved by the Audit Committee in its meeting held on November 13,



2014 on the following terms and conditions and noted by the Board of Directors in its meeting on even date:

Name of Related Party	Bharat Gears Limited (BGL)
Name of the Director or key	Mr. Surinder P. Kanwar
managerial personnel who is related	Mr. V.K. Pargal
	Mr. Sachit Kanwar
Nature of Relationship	Company within the Group
	Mr. Surinder P. Kanwar, Mr. V.K. Pargal and
	Mr. Sachit Kanwar are Common Directors
Nature, duration of the contract and	Agreement for marketing services between
particulars of the contract or	the Company and BGL for brand usage of
arrangement	the BGL by the Company and availing of
	marketing services of BGL by the Company
	for a period of 7 (Seven) years w.e.f. since
	21st January, 2013.
Material terms of the contract or	A total fees @ 6% on the Net Sales Value of
arrangement	the Company paid by Company to BGL for
	using brand and availing marketing services.
Determination of Prices	The current rate of 6% of Net Sales Value at
	which BGL received compensation from the
	Company for marketing services and brand
	usage fees considered to be similar with the
	average rate at which independent
	comparable parties compensate.

In terms of provision of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 15 of Companies (Meeting of Board & its Powers) Rules, 2014, if a Company is availing or rendering any services directly or through appointment of agents exceeding 10% of the net worth of the Company, then such Company shall require prior approval of the Shareholders by a Special Resolution.

The total compensation paid by the Company to BGL during the financial year 2014-15 upto 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2015 amounts to Rs. 10,584,000/- (Rupees One Crore Five Lacs Eighty Four Thousand Only) i.e. 6% of the Net Sales Value of the Company as per the agreement. As per the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2015, 10% of the net worth of the Company is Rs. 61,30,000/- (Rupees Sixty One Lacs Thirty Thousand Only) (approx.). The said transaction with BGL is likely to exceed the limits as prescribed under Section 188(1)(d) read with the prescribed rules thereunder. Therefore, the approval of Shareholders is required by way of Special Resolution to enter into said transaction exceeding the limits as prescribed under Section 188(1)(d) read with Rule 15 of Companies (Meeting of Board & its Powers) Rules, 2014.

Therefore, the Board of Directors of your Company recommends the passing of **Special Resolution** in terms of provision of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 15 of Companies (Meeting of Board & its Powers) Rules, 2014 as set out at Item No. 5 of the Notice.



Except Mr. Surinder P. Kanwar, Mr. Sachit Kanwar and Mr. V.K. Pargal, Directors of the Company, none of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives is concerned or interested, financial or otherwise, in the resolution set out at Item No. 5 of the Notice.

#### Item No. 6

In order to make the Articles of Association, in line with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013, it is proposed to alter the Article of Association of the Company (AOA) thereby replacing the current Clause no(s) 1 to 214 with the new Clause(s) 1 to 213 as detailed below:

#### I. PRELIMINARY

1. Xlerate Driveline India limited is established with Limited Liability in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Indian Companies Act, 1956, but none of the Regulations contained in Table marked F in Schedule I to the Companies Act, 2013, shall be applicable to the Company except so far as the Act or any modification there otherwise expressly provides.

The Regulations for management of the Company and for the observance of the members shall be such as are contained in these Articles.

#### II. INTERPRETATION

- (a) In the interpretation of these Articles, the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless repugnant to the subject or context.
  - (i) 'Alter' and 'Alteration' shall include the making of additions and omissions.
  - (ii) 'Auditors' means those Auditors appointed under the said Act.
  - (iii) 'Company' means a company as defined under Section 2(20) of the Act.
  - (iv) 'Board' means the Directors of the Company collectively, and shall include a committee thereof.
  - (v) 'Body Corporate' or 'Corporation' includes a company incorporated outside India but does not include, (1) a Co-operative Society registered under any law relating to Co-operative Societies, (2) any other body corporate which the Central Government may by notification in the Official Gazette specify in that behalf.
  - (vi) 'The Company' or 'This Company' means Xlerate Driveline India Limited established as aforesaid.
  - (vii) 'The Companies Act, 2013', 'The said Act', or 'The Act' and reference to any section or provision thereof respectively means and includes the Companies Act, 2013 (Act No. 18 of 2013) and any statutory modification thereof for the time being in force, and reference to the section or provision of the said Act or such statutory modification.





- (viii) 'Debenture' includes Debenture stock, bonds or any other instrument of a Company evidencing a debt, whether constituting a charge on the assets of the company or not.
- (ix) 'Directors' means a director appointed to the Board of the company.
- (x) 'Dividend' shall include interim dividend.
- (xi) 'Document' includes summons, notice, requisition, order, declaration, form and register, whether issued, sent or kept in pursuance of this Act or under any other law for the time being in force or otherwise, maintained on paper or in electronic form.
- (xii) 'Executor' or 'Administrator, means a person who has obtained probate or Letters of Administration, as the case may be, from a competent Court, and shall include the holder of a Succession Certificate authorising the holder thereof to negotiate or transfer the share or shares of the deceased members, and shall also include the holder of a Certificate granted by the Administrator-General of any State in India.
- (xiii) 'Financial Statements' means:
  - (I) a balance sheet as at the end of the financial year;
  - (ii) a profit and loss account, or in the case of a company carrying on any activity not for profit, an income and expenditure account for the financial year;
  - (iii) cash flow statement for the financial year;
  - (iv) a statement of changes in equity, if applicable; and
  - (v) any explanatory note annexed to, or forming part of, any document referred to in sub-clause (i) to sub-clause (iv)
- (xiv) 'In writing' or 'Written' shall include e-mail, and any other form of electronic transmission.
- (xv) 'Independent Director' shall have the meaning ascribed to it in the Act.
- (xvi) 'Key Managerial Personnel' means the Chief executive officer or the managing director; the company secretary; whole-time director; chief financial officer; and such other officer as may be notified from time to time in the Rules.
- (xvii) 'Month' means calendar month.
- (xviii) 'National Holiday' means the day declared as national holiday by the Central Government.
- (xix) 'Office' means the Registered Office for the time being of the Company.
- (xx) "Ordinary Resolution" and "Special Resolution" shall have the meanings assigned to these terms by Section 114 of the Act.
- (xxi) 'Rules' means any rule made pursuant to section 469 of the Act or such other provisions pursuant to which the Central Government is





- empowered to make rules, and shall include such rules as may be amended from time to time.
- (xxii) 'Secretary' is a Key Managerial Person appointed by the Directors to perform any of the duties of a Company Secretary.
- (xxiii) 'Shareholders' or 'Members' means the duly registered holder from time to time of the shares of the Company, and shall include beneficial owners whose names are entered as a beneficial owner in the records of a depository.
- (xxiv) 'The Seal' means the common seal of the Company for the time being.
- (b) 'These presents' means and includes the Memorandum and this Articles of Association.
- (c) Words importing the singular number include, where the context admits or requires, the plural number and vice versa.
- (d) Words importing the masculine gender also include the feminine gender.
- (e) Words importing persons shall, where the context requires, include bodies corporate and companies as well as individuals.
- (f) Subject as aforesaid, any words and expressions defined in the said Act as modified up to the date on which these Articles become binding on the Company shall, except where the subject or context otherwise requires, bear the same meanings in these Articles.
- (g) The marginal notes and the headings given in these Articles shall not affect the construction hereof.
- The Company shall, on being so required by a Member, send to him within seven days of the requirement and subject to the payment of a fee of Rs. 100/- or such other fee as may be specified in the Rules for each copy of the documents specified in Section 17 of the said Act.

## III. SHARE CAPITAL, VARIATION OF RIGHTS & BUY BACK

## Capital and shares

4. The Authorised Share Capital of the Company shall be such amount and be divided into such shares as may from time to time, be provided in clause V of Memorandum of Association with power to Board of Directors to reclassify, subdivide, consolidate and increase and with power from time to time, to issue any shares of the original capital or any new capital with and subject to any preferential, qualified or special rights, privileges, or conditions may be, thought fit and upon the sub-division of shares to apportion the right to participate in profits, in any manner as between the shares resulting from sub-division. The Authorised Share Capital of the Company shall be such amount and be divided into such shares as may from time to time, be provided in clause V of Memorandum of Association with power to Board of Directors to reclassify, sub-divide, consolidate and increase and with power from time to time, to issue any shares of the original capital or any new capital with and subject to any preferential, qualified or special



rights, privileges, or conditions may be, thought fit and upon the sub-division of shares to apportion the right to participate in profits, in any manner as between the shares resulting from sub-division.

If and whenever the capital of the Company is divided into shares of different classes, the rights of any such class may be varied, modified, affected, extended, abrogated or surrendered as provided by the said Act or by Articles of Association or by the terms of issue, but not further or otherwise.

## Provisions of Section 43, 47 of the Act to apply

5. The provisions of Section 43, 47 of the Act in so far as the same may be applicable to issue of share capital shall be observed by the Company.

#### Restrictions on Allotment

6. The Directors shall have regard to the restrictions on the allotment of shares imposed by Section 39 and 40 of the said Act so far as those restrictions are binding on the Company.

### Commission for placing shares

- 7. (1) (i) The Company may at any time pay a commission to any person in consideration of his subscribing, or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any shares in or debentures of the Company or procuring or agreeing to procure subscription (whether absolute or conditional) for any shares or debentures of the Company and the provisions of Section 40 of the said Act shall be observed and complied with. Such commission shall not exceed the maximum permissible rate as prescribed in the Rules. Such commission may be paid in cash or by the allotment of Securities.
  - (ii) Company shall not pay any commission to any underwriter on securities which are not offered to public for subscription.
  - (iii) The number of shares or debentures which persons have agreed to for commission to subscribe absolutely or conditionally is disclosed in the manner aforesaid.
  - (2) Nothing in this clause shall affect the power of the Company to pay such brokerage as it may consider reasonable.
  - (3) A Vendor to, promoter of, other person who receives payment in shares, debentures or money from the Company shall have and shall be deemed always to have had power to apply any part of the shares, debentures or money so received in payment of any commission the payment of which, if made directly by the Company, would have been legal under this Articles.

(4) The commission may be paid or satisfied (subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles) in cash or in share, debentures or debenture stock of the Company, (whether fully paid or otherwise) or in any combination thereof.



## Company not to give financial assistance for purchase of its own shares

8. Except as provided by the Act, the Company shall not, except by reduction of capital under the provision of Section 66 or Section 242 of the said Act, buy its own shares nor give, whether directly or indirectly, and whether by means of a loan, guarantee, provision of security or otherwise any financial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with a purchase or subscription made or to be made by any person of or for any shares in the Company or in its holding company.

Provided that nothing in this Article shall be taken to prohibit:

- 8.1 (i) the provision of money in accordance with any scheme approved by the Company through Special Resolution and in accordance with the requirements specified in the relevant Rules, for the purchase of, or subscription for, fully paid up Shares in the Company, if the purchase of, or the subscription for the Shares held by trustees for the benefit of the employees or such Shares held by the employee of the Company;
  - (ii) the giving of loans by the Company to persons in the employment of the Company other than its Directors or Key Managerial Personnel, for an amount not exceeding their salary or wages for a period of six months with a view to enabling them to purchase or subscribe for fully paid up Shares in the Company to be held by them by way of beneficial ownership.

Nothing in this clause shall affect the right of the Company to redeem any shares issued under Section 55.

## **Buy back of Shares**

8.2 Notwithstanding what is stated in Articles 8.1 above, in the event it is permitted by the Law and subject to such conditions, approvals or consents as may be laid down for the purpose, the Company shall have the power to buy-back its own shares, whether or not there is any consequent reduction of Capital. If and to the extent permitted by Law, the Company shall also have the power to re-issue the shares so bought back.

## Issue of Securities at a Premium

The Company shall have power to issue Securities at a premium and shall duly comply with the provisions of Section 52 of the said Act.

## Issue of redeemable preference shares

10. The Company may, subject to the provisions of Section 55 of the said Act, issue preference shares which are liable to be redeemed and may redeem such shares in any manner provided in the said section and may issue shares up to the nominal amount of the shares redeemed or to be redeemed. Where the Company has issued redeemable preference shares the provisions of the said section shall be complied with. The manner in which such shares shall be redeemed, shall be as provided by Article 80 unless the terms of issue otherwise provide.



## **IV. SHARES AND SHAREHOLDERS**

## **Register of Members**

- 11. (1) The Company shall cause to be kept and maintained the following registers namely:
  - (a) Register of members indicating separately for each class of equity and preference shares held by each member residing in India or outside India;
  - (b) Register of debenture-holders; and
  - (c) Register of any other security holders:
  - (d) including an index in respect of each of the registers to be maintained in accordance with Section 88 of the Act.
  - (2) The Company shall also comply with the provisions of Sections 92 of the Act as to filing Annual Returns.
  - (3) The Company shall duly comply with the provisions of Section 94 of the Act in regard to keeping of the Registers, Indexes, copies of Annual Returns and giving inspection thereof and furnishing copies thereof.

## Shares to be numbered progressively

12. The shares in the capital shall be numbered progressively according to their several classes.

## Shares at the disposal of the Directors

13. Subject to the provisions of the said Act and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the Company for the time being (including any shares forming part of any increased capital of the Company) shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any one of them to such persons on such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par or (subject to compliance with the provisions of Section 54 of the Act) at a discount and at such times as they may from time to time think fit and proper and with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting to give to any person the option to call for or be allotted shares of any class of the Company either at par or at premium or subject aforesaid at a discount during such time and for such consideration and such option being exercisable at such times as the Directors think fit and may allot and issue shares in the capital of the Company in lieu of services rendered to the Company or in the conduct of its business; and any shares which may be so allotted may be issued as fully paid up shares and if so issued shall be deemed to be fully paid up shares.

## Every share transferable etc.

- 14. (1) The shares or other interest of any member in the Company shall be movable property transferable in the manner provided by the Articles of the Company.
  - (2) Each share in the Company having a share capital shall be distinguished by its appropriate number.





(3) Certificate of Shares: A certificate under the Seal of the Company specifying any shares held by any Member shall be prima facie evidence of the title of the Member to such shares.

#### Application of premiums received on issue of shares

- 15. (1) Where the Company issues shares at a premium, whether for cash or otherwise, a sum equal to the aggregate amount of the value of the premiums on those Shares shall be transferred to an amount to be called "the securities premium account", and the provisions of the Act relating to the reduction of the Share Capital of a company shall except as provided in this clause, apply as if the securities premium account were paid-up share capital of the Company.
  - (2) The securities premium account may be applied by the Company for the purposes permissible pursuant to the Act.

### Further issue of capital

- 16. The Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 62 of the Act with regard to increasing the subscribed capital of the Company.
- 17. If and whenever as the result of issue of new shares or any consolidation or sub-division of shares, any shares become held by members in fractions, the Directors shall subject to the provisions of the Act and the Articles and to the directions of the Company in general meeting, if any, sell those shares which members hold in fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable and shall pay and distribute to and amongst the members entitled to such shares in due proportion, the net proceeds of the sale thereof. For the purpose of giving effect to any such sale the Directors may authorise any person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof comprised in any such transfer and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be effected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.

## Acceptance of shares

18. An application signed by or on behalf of an applicant for shares in the Company followed by an allotment of shares therein, shall be an acceptance of shares within the meaning of these Articles; The Directors shall comply with the provisions of Section 39 and Section 40 of the Act so far as applicable.

## Deposit and call etc. to be a debt payable immediately

19. The money (if any) which the Directors shall, on the allotment of any shares being made by them, require or direct to be paid by way of deposits, calls or otherwise in respect of any shares allotted by them, shall, immediately on the inscription of the name in the Register of Members as the holder of such shares, become a debt due to and recoverable by the Company from the allottee thereof, and shall be paid by him accordingly.



#### Calls on shares of the same class to be made on uniform basis

20. Where any calls for further share capital are made on shares, such calls shall be made on a uniform basis on all shares, falling under the same class.

Explanation: - For the purpose of this provision, shares of the same nominal value on which different amounts have been paid up shall not be deemed to fall under the same class.

#### Return of allotment

21. The Directors shall cause to be made the returns as to all allotments from time to time made in accordance with the provisions of Section 39 of the said Act.

### Installments on shares to be duly paid

22. If, by the conditions of allotment of any shares the whole or part of the amount or issue price thereof shall be payable by installments, every such installment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the person who for the time being and from time to time shall be of the shares or his legal representative.

#### **Liability of Members**

23. Every member, or his executors or administrators or other representative, shall pay to the Company the portion of the capital represented by his share or shares, which may, for the time being, remain unpaid thereon, in such amounts, at such time or times, and in such manner, as the Directors shall, from time to time, in accordance with the Company's regulations, require or fix for the payment thereof.

#### **Liability of Joint holders**

24. If any share stands in the names of two or more persons, all the joint-holders of the share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all deposits, installments, and calls due in respect of such shares, and for all incidents thereof according to the Company's regulations; but the persons first named in the Register shall, as regards service of notice, and all other matters connected with the Company, except the transfer of the share and any other matter by the said Act or herein otherwise provided, be deemed the sole holder thereof.

## Registered holder only the owner of the shares

25. Save as herein or by laws otherwise expressly provided, the Company shall be entitled to treat the registered holder of any share as the absolute owner thereof, and accordingly shall not, except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction, or as by statute required, be bound to recognize any benami trusts whatsoever or equitable, contingent, future, partial or other claim to or interest in such share on the part of any other person whether or not it shall have express or implied notice thereof; the Directors shall, however be at liberty, at their sole discretion, to register any share in the joint names of any two or more persons, and the survivor or survivors of them.



#### **V. CERTIFICATES**

#### Certificate of shares

Subject to any statutory or other requirement having the force of law governing the issue and signatures to and sealing of certificate to shares and applicable to this Company for the time being in force the certificate of title to shares and the duplicate thereof when necessary shall be issued under the seal of the Company which shall be affixed in the presence of and signed by (1) two Directors or persons acting on behalf of the Directors under a duly registered power of attorney and (2) the Secretary or some other person appointed by the Board for the purpose; a Director may sign a share certificate by affixing signature thereon by means of any machine, equipment or other mechanical means such as engraving in metal or lithography but not by means of a rubber stamp, provided that the Director shall be responsible for the safe custody of such machine, equipment or other materials used for the purpose.

## Members' right to Certificates

27. (1) (i) Every member shall be entitled without payment to the certificate for all the Shares of each class or denomination registered in his name, or if the Board, so approve (upon paying such fees as the Board may from time to time determine) to several certificates, each for one or of such Shares and the Company shall complete such certificate within two months after the allotment or such period as may be determined at the time of the issue of such capital whichever is longer or within one month after registration of the transfer thereof as provided by Section 56 of the Act. Every certificate of shares shall have its distinctive number and be issued under the Seal of the Company and shall specify the number and denoting number of the shares in respect of which it is issued and the amount paid thereon and shall be in such form as the Board shall prescribe or approve provided that in respect of share or shares held jointly by several persons, the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate and the delivery of a certificate for a share or shares to one of several joint-holders shall be deemed to be sufficient delivery to all.

# May be delivered to any one of Joint-holders

(ii) A certificate of shares registered in the names of two or more persons, unless otherwise directed by them in writing, may be delivered to any one of them on behalf of them all.

## Shares in Depository form

(2) (i) Notwithstanding anything contained herein, the Company shall be entitled to dematerialise its shares, debentures and other securities pursuant to the Depositories Act, 1996 and to offer its shares, debentures and other securities for subscription in a dematerialised form.

(ii) Notwithstanding anything contained herein, the Company shall be entitled to treat the person whose names appear in the register of members as a holder of any share or whose names appear as beneficial owners of shares in the



records of the Depository, as the absolute owner thereof and accordingly shall not (except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction or as required by law) be bound to recognise any benami trust or equity or equitable contingent or other claim to or interest in such share on the part of any other person whether or not it shall have express or implied notice thereof.

(iii) Notwithstanding anything contained herein, in the case of transfer of shares or other marketable securities where the Company has not issued any Certificates and where such shares or other marketable securities are being held in an electronic and fungible form, the provisions of the Depositories Act, 1996 shall apply. Further, the provisions relating to progressive numbering shall not apply to the shares of the Company which have been dematerialised.

## Issue of new certificate in place of one defaced, lost or destroyed

28. If any certificate be worn out, defaced, destroyed or lost or if there be no further space on the back thereof for endorsement of transfer, then upon production thereof to the Board, they may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof and if any certificate be lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Board and on such indemnity as the Board deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the party entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum not exceeding Rs. 50/shall be paid to the Company for every certificate issued under this clause, as the Board may fix from time to time, provided that no fee shall be charged for issue of new certificate in replacement of those which are old, worn, decrepit out or where the cages on the reverse for recording transfers have been fully utilised.

## **Board may waive fees**

29. The Board may waive payment of any fee generally or in any particular case.

## **Endorsement on certificate**

30. Every endorsement upon the certificate of any share in favour of any transferee thereof shall be signed by such person for the time being authorised by the Board in that behalf.

## **Board to comply with Rules**

31. The Board shall comply with requirements prescribed by any Rules made pursuant to the said Act; relating to the issue and execution of share certificates.

#### VI. CALLS ON SHARES

## Directors may make calls

## Calls may be made by installments

32. Subject to the provisions of Section 49 of the said Act, the Board may, from time to time, by means of resolution passed at its meetings make such calls as they may



think fit upon the members in respect of moneys unpaid on the share held by them respectively and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times, and each member shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the persons and at the times and place appointed by the Board. A call may be made payable by installments.

#### Cali to date from resolution

33. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorising such call was passed and may be made payable by members on a subsequent date to be specified by Directors.

#### Notice of call

34. Fourteen days' notice at least of every call made payable otherwise than on allotment shall be given by the Company in the manner hereinafter provided for the giving of notices specifying the time and place of payment, and the person to whom such call shall be paid. Provided that before the time for payment of such call the Board may by notice given in the manner hereinafter provided revoke the same. The Board may, from time to time at their discretion, extend the time fixed for the payment of any call, and may extend such time as to all or any of the members who, the Board may deem fairly entitled to such extension; but no member shall be entitled to any such extension, except as a matter of grace and favour.

## Provisions applicable to installments

35. If by the terms of issue of any share or otherwise any amount is payable at any fixed time or by installments at fixed times, whether on account of the share or by way of premium, every such amount or installments shall be payable as if it were a call duly made by the Board and of which due notice had been given, and all the provisions herein contained in respect of calls shall relate to such amount or installments accordingly.

## When interest on call or installment payable

36. If the sum payable in respect of any call or such other amount or installments be not paid on or before the day appointed for payment thereof or any extension thereof as aforesaid, the holder for the time being of the share, in respect of which the call shall have been made, or such amount or installment shall be due, shall pay interest for the same, from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate not exceeding ten per cent per annum, as shall from time to time be fixed by the Board. Nothing in this Article shall however, be deemed to make it compulsory on the Board to demand or recover any such interest, and the payment of such interest, wholly or in part, may be waived by the Board if they think fit so to do.

# Money due to members from the Company may be applied in payment of call or installment

37. Any money due from the Company to a member may, without the consent and notwithstanding the objection of such member, be applied by the Company in or



towards the payment of any money due from him to the Company for calls or otherwise.

### Part payment on account to call etc. not to preclude forfeiture

38. Neither a judgement nor a decree in favour of the Company for calls of other moneys due in respect of any shares nor any part-payment or satisfaction thereunder nor the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall from time to time be due from any member to the Company in respect of his shares, either by way of principal or interest, nor any indulgence granted by the Company in respect of payment of any such money, shall preclude the forfeiture of such shares as hereinafter provided.

## Proof on trial on of suit on money on shares

39. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought by the Company against any member or his legal representatives to recover any moneys claimed to be due to the Company for any call or other sum in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the member in respect of whose shares the money is sought to be recovered, appears entered on the Register of Members as the holder, or one of the holders, at or subsequent to the date at which the money sought to be recovered is alleged to have become due, on the shares in respect of which such money is sought to be recovered, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company or the Register of Members and that the resolution making the call is duly recorded in the minute book, and that notice of such call was duly given to the member or his legal representatives sued in pursuance of these presents; and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made such call, not that a quorum of Directors was present at the meeting of the Board at which such call was made, nor that the meeting at which such call was made duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debts, and the same shall be recovered by the Company against the member or his representatives from whom the same is sought to be recovered unless it shall be proved, on behalf of such member or his representatives against the Company that the name of such member was improperly inserted in the register, or that the money sought to be recovered has actually been paid.

## Payment of unpaid shares capital in advance

## Interest may be paid thereon

## Repayment of such advances

# Priority of payment in case of winding up

40. (1) The Board may, if they think fit, subject to the provisions of Section 50 of the Act receive from any member willing to advance the same, either in money or money's worth the whole or any part of the amount remaining unpaid on the shares held by him beyond the sum actually called up and upon the moneys so paid or satisfied in advance, or so much thereof, as from time to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount pathercalls then made upon and due



respect of the shares on account of which such advances have been made, the Company may pay or allow interest at such rate as the member paying such advance and the Board agree upon; provided always that if at any time after the payment of any such money the rate of interest so agreed to be paid to any such member appears to the Board to be excessive, it shall be lawful for the Board from time to time to repay to such member so much of money as shall then exceed the amount of the calls made upon such shares, unless there be an express agreement to the contrary; and after such repayment such member shall be liable to pay, and such advance had been made, provided also that if at anytime after the payment of any money so paid in advance, the Company shall go into liquidation, either voluntary or otherwise, before the full amount of the money so advanced shall have become due by the member to the Company for installments or calls, or any other manner, the member making such advance shall be entitled (as between himself and the other members) to receive back from the Company the full balance of such moneys rightly due to him by the Company in priority to any payment to members on account of capital.

#### No right to vote

(2) The member making such advance shall not, however, be entitled to any voting rights in respect of the moneys so advanced by him until the same would, but for such payment, become presently payable.

## VII. FORFEITURE OF AND LIEN ON SHARES

## If call or installment not paid notice to be given to member

41. If any member fails to pay any money due from him in respect of any call made or amount or installment as provided in Article 35 on or before the day appointed for payment of the same, or any such extension thereof as aforesaid or any interest due on such call or amount or installment or any expenses that may have been incurred thereon, the Directors or any person authorised by them for the purpose may, at any time thereafter, during such time as such money remains unpaid, or a judgement or a decree in respect thereof remains unsatisfied in whole or in part, serve a notice in the manner hereinafter provided for the serving of notices on such member or any of his legal representatives or any of the persons entitled to the share by transmission, requiring payment of the money payable in respect of such share, together with such interest and all expenses (legal or otherwise) incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

## Term of notice

42. The notice shall name a day (not earlier than the expiration of fourteen days from the date of the notice) and a place or places on or before and at which the money due as aforesaid is to be paid. The notice may also state that in the event of then on-payment of such money at or before the time and the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the same owed will be liable to be forfeited.



### In default of payment shares may be forfeited

43. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, every or any share in respect of which the notice is given may, at any time thereafter before payment of all calls or amounts or installments, interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends and bonuses declared in respect of the forfeited shares and not actually paid before the forfeiture.

#### Notice of forfeiture

## Entry of forfeiture in register of members

44. When any share shall have been so forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture or to any of his legal representatives, or to any of the persons entitled to the share by transmission and an entry of the forfeiture, with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the Register of Members. The provisions of this Article are, however, directory only and no forfeiture shall in any manner be invalidated by any omission or neglect to give such notice or to make such entry as aforesaid.

# Forfeited shares to become property of the Company and may be sold etc.

45. Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company and the Board may sell, re-allot or otherwise dispose of the same, either to the original holder thereof or to any other persons, and either by public auction or by private sale and upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit.

## Forfeiture may be remitted or annulled

46. In the meantime, and until any share so forfeited shall be sold, re-allotted or otherwise dealt with as aforesaid, the forfeiture thereof may at the discretion and by a resolution of the Board, be remitted or annulled as a matter of grace and favour but not as of right, upon such terms and conditions as they think fit.

# Members still liable to pay money due notwithstanding the forfeiture

Any member whose shares have been forfeited shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, amounts, installments, interest expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon, from the time of the forfeiture until payment, at the rates, not exceeding ten percent per annum as the Board may determine, in the same manner in all respects as if the shares had not been forfeited, without any deduction or allowance for the value of the shares at the time to the forfeiture and the Board may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit (but without being under any obligation to do so) without entitling such member or his representative to any remission of such forfeiture or to any compensation for the same, unless the Directors shall think fit to make such compensation, which they shall have full power to do, in such manner and on such terms on behalf of the Company as they shall then.



## **Effect of forfeiture**

48. The forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in and of all claims and demands against the Company of the member in respect of the share and all other right of the member incident to the share except only such of those rights as by these Article are expressly saved.

#### Surrender of shares

49. The Directors may, subject to the provision of the Act, accept a surrender of any share from or by any member desirous of surrendering those on such terms as they think fit.

### Certificate of forfeiture

50. A certificate in writing, under signature of one Director and countersigned by any other person who may be authorised for the purpose by the Board, that the call, amount or installment in respect of a share was made or was due or the interest in respect of a call, amount or installment was or the expenses were payable, as the case may be, the notice thereof as aforesaid was given and default in payment was made and that the forfeiture of the share was made by a resolution of the Board to the effect, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated therein as against all persons entitled to or interested in such share.

# Title of purchaser and allottee for forfeited shares

51. The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale, re-allotment or other disposition thereof and the person to whom such share is sold, re-allotted or disposed of may be registered as the holder of the share and shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale, re-allotment or other disposal of the share.

## Company's lien on shares

52. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien upon all the shares not being fully paid-up shares, registered in the name of each member (whether solely or jointly with another or others) and upon the proceeds of sale thereof, for all moneys from time to time due or payable by him to the Company for calls made and all amounts or installments as provided by Article 35 payable in respect of such shares and no equitable interest in any shares shall be created except upon the footing and condition that Article 25 hereof is to have full effect. Any such lien shall extend to all dividends from time to time declared in respect of such shares. Unless otherwise agreed, the registration of a transfer of shares shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien, if any, on such shares. The Board may at any time declare any shares to be exempt, wholly or partially from the provisions of this Article.

## <u>Lien enforced by sale</u>

53. For the purpose of enforcing such lien, the Directors may sell the shares subject thereto in such manner as they think fit and transfer the same to the name of the purchaser, without any consent and notwithstanding any opposition on the part of



the indebted member or any other person or persons interested therein and a complete title to the shares which shall be sold and transferred shall be acquired by the purchaser, by virtue of such sale and transfer, against such indebted member and all persons claiming with or under him whether he may be indebted to the Company in point of fact or not. But no such sale shall be made until notice in writing stating the amount due or specifying the liability of engagement and demanding payment or fulfillment or discharge thereof and of the intention to sell in default shall have been served upon such member or his heirs, executors, administrators, representatives or persons and default shall have been made by him or them in payment, fulfillment or discharge of such debts, liabilities or engagements for seven days after such notice.

## Application of sale proceeds member

54. The net proceeds of any such sale after payment of the costs of such sale shall be applied in or towards the satisfaction of such debts liabilities or engagements and the residue (if any) paid to such or any of his executors, administrators, representatives or assigns or any of the persons (if any) entitled by transmission to the shares sold.

## Execution of instrument of transfer

55. Upon any sale after forfeiture or upon any sale for enforcing a lien, in purported exercise of the powers hereinbefore given, the Directors may appoint some person or persons to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold.

## Validity of sale of such shares

56. Upon any such sale after forfeiture or for enforcing a lien in purported exercise of powers the Board shall cause the purchaser's name to be entered in the Register in respect of the shares sold and shall issue to the purchaser a certificate such as is specified in Article 50 hereof in respect of the shares sold and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the regularity of the proceedings or to the application of the purchase money and after his name has been entered in the Register in respect of such shares, the validity of the sale shall not be impeached by any person and the remedy of any person aggrieved by the sale shall be in damages only and against the Company exclusively.

# VIII. TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

## Register of Transfers

57. The Company shall keep a book called the 'Register of Transfers' and therein shall be fairly and distinctly entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share in the Company.

# Instrument of transfer to be executed by transferor and transferee

58. No transfer shall be registered unless a proper instrument of transfer has been delivered to the Company. Every instrument of transfer (which shall be in the form specified in the Rules) shall be duly stamped, dated and shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and the transferee and in the case of a share held by two or more holders or to be transferred to the joint names of two or more transferees by

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all such joint-holders or by all such joint transferees, as the case may be, several executors or administrators of a deceased member proposing to transfer the shares registered in the name of such deceased member shall all sign the instrument of transfer in respect of the share as if they were the joint-holders of the share. The instrument of transfer shall specify the name, address and occupation, if any, of the transferee.

#### Death of one or more joint holders

59. In the case of the death of any one or more of the persons named in the Register as the joint-holders of any share, the survivor or survivors shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to or interest in such share, but nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of the deceased joint-holder from any liability on the shares held by him jointly with any other person.

## Title of share of deceased member

- 60. (1) On the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the member was a joint holder, and his nominee or nominees or legal representatives where he was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the company as having any title to his interest in the shares.
  - (2) Where there is no nominee, the executors or administrators of a deceased member not being one of several joint-holders shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to the shares registered in the name of such deceased member, and the Company shall not be bound to recognise such executors or administrators, unless they shall have first obtained probate or letters of administration or other legal representation, as the case maybe, provided nevertheless, the Directors, in any case where they in their absolute discretion think fit, may dispense with the production of Probate or Letters of Administration or such other legal representation, upon such terms as to indemnity or otherwise as they may deem fit and under the next Article, register the name of any person who claims to be absolutely entitled to the shares standing in the name of the deceased member as a member in respect of such shares.

# Registration of person entitled to shares otherwise than by transfer (Transmission Clause)

61. Subject to the provisions of the tast preceding Article, any person to whom the right to any share has been transmitted inconsequence of the death or insolvency of any member or otherwise by operation of law may, with the consent of the Board(which they shall not be under any obligation to give) and upon his producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under the Article and of his title as the Directors think sufficient be registered as a member in respect of such shares. This clause is hereinafter referred to as the 'transmission clause'. A transfer of the share or other interest in the Company of a deceased member thereof made by his legal representative shall, although the legal representative is not himself a member be as valid as if he had been a member at the time of effecting the transmission.



### Evidence of transmission to be verified

62. Every transmission of a share shall be verified in such a manner as the Directors may require and the Company may refuse to register any such transmission until the same be so verified or unless an indemnity be given to the Company with regard to such registration which the Directors at their discretion shall consider sufficient; provided nevertheless, that there shall not be any obligation on the Company or the Directors to accept any indemnity, the Directors shall have the same right to refuse to register a person entitled by transmission to any shares or his nominee as if he were the transferee named in an ordinary transfer presented for registration.

## Rights of such person

63. A person entitled to share by transmission may, until the Directors otherwise determine as provided in Article 129, receive and give discharge for any dividends, bonuses or other moneys payable in respect of the share, but he shall not be entitled to vote at any meetings of the Company and to any of the rights and privileges of a member, unless and until he shall have become a member in respect of the shares.

## Procedure on application for transfer

64. An application for the registration of a transfer of shares or other interest of a member in the Company may be made either by the transferor or the transferee. Where such application is made by the transferor and relates to partly paid shares, the transfer shall not be registered unless the Company gives notice of the application to the transferee and the transferee makes no objection to the transfer within two weeks from the delivery of the notice.

# Transfer to be left at office with certificate and with evidence of title

- 65. (1) It shall not be lawful for the Company to register a transfer of any shares unless the proper instrument of transfer duly stamped, dated and executed by or on behalf of the Transferor and by or on behalf of the Transferee and specifying the name and address and occupation of the Transferee has been delivered to the Company along with the scrip and if no such scrip is in existence, along with the letter of allotment of the shares. Where the proper instrument of transfer is not received by the Company within a period of two months from the date on which the instrument is dated, the Directors may at their sole discretion be entitled to seek such documentation including indemnities as it may deem fit, from both the transferor and transferee, or from the person who has lodged the same for transfer, and the Board may at its sole discretion be entitled to give effect to the transfer on receipt of such documentation and indemnities (save where an order of a competent court is produced, the Board shall then give effect to the transfer).
  - (2) If the Company refuses to register the transfer of any shares, the Company shall within one month from the date on which the instrument of transfer is





- lodged with the Company send to the Transferee and the Transferor notice of the refusal as provided in Article 66.
- (3) Nothing in clause (1) shall prejudice any power of the Company to register as shareholder any person to whom the right to any share has been transmitted by operation of law.
- (4) Nothing in this Article shall prejudice any power of the Company to refuse to register the transfer of any share.

#### Directors may decline to register transfers

The Board may, at its absolute and uncontrolled discretion and without assigning 66. or being under any obligation to give any reason, decline to register or acknowledge any transfer or transmission of shares and in particular, may so decline in any case in which the Company has a lien upon the shares or any of them or in the case of shares not fully paid-up whilst any moneys called or payable at a fixed time in respect of the shares desired to be transferred or any of them remain unpaid or unless the transferee is approved by the Board. Nothing in Section 56 of the Act shall prejudice this power to refuse to register the transfer of or the transmission by operation of law of the right to, any shares or interest of a member in or debentures of the Company. The registration of a transfer shall be conclusive evidence of the approval by the Board of the transferee, but so far only as regards the share or shares in respect of which the transfer is so registered and not further or otherwise and not so as to debar the Board to refuse registration of any further shares applied for. If the Board refuses to register the transfer or transmission of any shares notice of the refusal shall within two months from the date on which the instrument of transfer on intimation of transmission was delivered to the Company be sent to the Transferee and the Transferor or to the person giving intimation of the transmission, as the case may be.

## Transferor to remain holder of shares till transfer registered

67. The Transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the shares until the name of the transferee shall be entered in the Register of Members.

## Registered transfer to remain with Company

68. Every instrument of transfer which shall be registered shall remain in the custody of the Company. If the transfer relates to the only share or all the shares comprised in the certificate, such certificate or a new certificate in lieu thereof shall, after the registration of the transfer, be delivered to the transferee and if the transfer relates only to a part of the shares comprised in the certificate, the same shall, on registration of the transfer be retained by the Directors and cancelled and new certificates will be issued to the transferor and the transferee in respect of the shares respectively, held by them.

# Transfer books and register may be closed for not more than 45 days in the year

69. The Directors shall have power on giving seven days' notice by advertisement as required by Section 91 of the Act to close the Transfer Book and Register of



Members of such period or periods of time in every year as to them may seem expedient, but not exceeding 45 days in any year and not exceeding 30 days at any one time.

# The company not liable for disregard of any notice prohibiting registration of a transfer

70. The Company shall incur no liability or responsibility whatever in consequence of its registering or giving effect to any transfer of shares made or purporting to be made, by an apparent legal owner thereof (as shown or appearing in the Register of Members), to the prejudice of any person or persons having or claiming any equitable right, title or interest to or in the same shares, notwithstanding that the Company may have had notice of such equitable right title or interest or prohibiting registration of such transfer and may have entered such notice or referred thereto in any book of the Company; and the Company shall not be bound or required to regard or attend or give effect to any notice which may be given to it of any equitable right, title or interest or be under any liability whatsoever for refusing or neglecting so to do, though it may have been entered or referred to in some books of the Company; but the Company shall nevertheless be at liberty to regard and attend to any such notice and give effect thereto, if the Directors shall so think fit.

## Transfer of debentures

 The provision of these Articles shall mutatis mutandis apply to the transfer or transmission by operation of law of debentures of the Company.

## IX. ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL

# Company may alter its Capital in certain ways

- 72. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution so alter the conditions of its Memorandum of Association as:-
  - to increase its share capital by such amount as it thinks expedient by issuing new shares;
  - (2) to consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
  - (3) to convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denominations;
  - (4) to sub-divide its shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by its Memorandum of Association, so however that in the sub-division the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on each reduced share shall be the same as it was in the case of the share from which the reduced share is derived.
  - (5) to cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution in that behalf, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and





diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.

### Increase of Capital by the Directors and how carried into effect

73. The Directors may from time to time without any sanction of the Company, whenever all the shares in the issued capital shall not have been subscribed and whether all the shares for the time being subscribed shall have been fully called up or not, issue further shares of such value as they may think fit out of the unsubscribed balance of the issued capital. Such further shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions (and if preference shares upon such conditions as to redemption) and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto as the Board shall direct and in particular, such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividend and in the distribution of assets of the Company and subject to the provisions of Section 47 of the said Act with a special or without any right of voting and the Board may dispose of such shares or any of them either at par or at a premium, to any members or any class thereof or in such other manner as the Board may think most beneficial to the Company.

### Further issue of capital

- 74. (1) Where it is proposed to increase the subscribed capital of the Company by the issue of new shares:
  - such new shares shall be offered to the persons who, at the date of the offer are holders of the equity shares of the Company, in proportion, as nearly as circumstances admit to the capital paid-up on these shares at that date;
  - the offer aforesaid shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time not being less than fifteen days and not exceeding thirty days from the date of the offer within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to have been declined;
  - (iii) The offer aforesaid shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to him or any of them in favour of any other person; and the notice shall contain a statement of this right;
  - (iv) after the expiry of the time specified in the notice aforesaid or on receipt of earlier intimation from the person to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Board of Directors may dispose of them in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company.
  - (v) To employees under a scheme of employees' stock option, subject to Special Resolution passed by the company and subject to such conditions as may be specified in the relevant Rules.
  - (vi) To any persons, by way of passing a Special Resolution to that effect, whether or not those persons include the persons referred to in clause (a) or clause (b), either for cash or for a consideration other than cash, if the



price of such shares is determined by the valuation report of a registered valuer subject to such conditions as may be specified in the relevant Rules.

- (2) Whenever any shares are to be offered to the members the Directors may dispose of any such shares which, by reason of the proportion borne by them to the number of persons entitled to such offer or by reason of any other difficulty in apportioning the same cannot in the opinion of the Directors be conveniently offered to the members.
- (3) The right to issue further shares provided in this clause, shall include a right to the Company, to issue any instrument, including Global Depositary Receipt.

## How far new shares in original capital

75. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by creation of new shares shall be considered as part of the capital and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to the payment of calls and installments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, voting and otherwise in all respects as if it had been the original capital.

## Notice of Increase of capital

76. The Directors shall, whenever there is a change in the share capital, file with the Registrar of Companies notice of the increase of the capital as provided by Section 64 of the said Act within thirty days after the passing of the resolution authorising the increase.

## Transfer of stock

- 77. (1) When any shares shall have been converted into stock, the several holders of such stock may thenceforth transfer the irrespective interests therein or any part of such interest, in the same manner and subject to the same regulations as and subject to which shares in the Company's capital may be transferred or as near thereto as circumstances will admit. But the Board may from time to time, if they think fit, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable and restrict or forbid the transfer of fractions of that minimum, but with full power, nevertheless, at the discretion to waive such rules in any particular case.
  - (2) Notice of such conversion of shares into stock or reconversion of stock into shares shall be filed with the Registrar of Companies as provided in the said Act.

## Rights of stock-holders

78. The stock shall confer on the holders thereof respectively the same privileges and advantages, as regards participation in profits and voting at meetings of the Company and for other purposes, as would have been conferred by shares of equal amount in the capital of the Company of the same class as the shares from which such stock was converted but no such privileges or advantages, except the participation in profits of the Company or in the assets of the Company on a winding up, shall be conferred by any such aliquot part of, consolidated stock as



would not, if existing in shares, have conferred such privileges or advantages. No such conversion shall affect or prejudice any preference or other special holders of the share and authenticated by such evidence (if any) as the provisions herein contained shall, so far as circumstances will admit, apply to stock as well as to shares and the words "share" and "shareholder" in these presents shall include "stock" and "stockholder".

#### X. REDUCTION OF CAPITAL

### Reduction of capital

- 79. The Company may from time to time by Special Resolution, in such manner specified in the Act and subject to such consents as may be required under any other law for the time being in force, reduce in any manner:
  - (1) its share capital
  - (2) any capital redemption reserve account; or
  - (3) any securities premium account.

## Provisions relating to the redemption of preference shares

- 80. (1) Subject to the provisions of Section 55 of the said Act, whenever any preference shares are issued which are or at the option of the Company are to be liable to be redeemed, the following provisions shall take effect:
  - (i) No such shares shall be redeemed except out of the profits of the Company which would otherwise be available for dividend or out of the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares made for the purposes of the redemption.
    - (ii) No such shares shall be redeemed unless are fully paid.
  - (iii) The premium, if any payable on redemption must be provided for out of the profits of the Company or out of the Company's Securities Premium Account before the shares are redeemed.
  - (iv) Where any such shares are redeemed otherwise than out of the proceeds of a fresh issue there shall, out of profits which would otherwise have been available for dividend be transferred to the Capital Redemption Reserve Account, a sum equal to the nominal amount of the share redeemed.
  - (2) Subject to the provisions of Section 55 of the Act and these Articles the redemption of preference shares hereunder maybe effected in accordance with the terms and conditions of their issue and in the absence of any such terms and conditions in such manner as the Directors may think fit.
  - (3) The redemption of preference shares under this provision by the Company shall not be taken as reducing the amount of its authorised share capital.
  - (4) Where the Company has redeemed or is about to redeem any preference shares, it shall never have power to issue shares up to the nominal amount of



the shares redeemed or to be redeemed as if those shares had never been issued; and accordingly the share capital of the Company shall not, for the purpose of calculating the fees payable under Section 385 of the said Act, be deemed to be increased by the issue of shares in pursuance of this Article. Provided that, where new shares are issued before the redemption of the old shares, the new shares shall not so far as related to stamp duty, be deemed to have been issued in pursuance of this Article unless the old shares are redeemed within one month after the issue of the new shares.

(5) The Capital Redemption Reserve Account may, notwithstanding anything in this Article, be applied by the Company, in paying up unissued shares of the Company to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares.

#### XI. MODIFICATION OF RIGHTS

## Power to modify rights

81. (1) Whenever the share capital by reason of issue of Preference Shares or otherwise is divided into different classes of shares, all or any of the rights and privileges attached to each class may, subject to the provisions of Section 48 of the Act, be varied, commuted, affected, abrogated or dealt with by agreement between the Company and any person purporting to contract on behalf of that class provided such agreement is ratified in writing by holders of at least three-fourths of nominal value of the issued shares of the class or is sanctioned by Special Resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class and supported by the votes of the holders of not less than three-fourths of the shares of that class

# Article 81 not to derogate from company's powers

(2) This Article is not to derogate from any power the Company would have if this Article were omitted and in particular the powers under Chapter XV of the said Act or Chapter V of the Companies Act, 1956, whichever is in force for the time being.

The dissentient members shall have the right to apply to Tribunal in accordance with the provisions of Section 48 of the Act.

#### XII. JOINT HOLDERS

## Joint holders

82. (1) Where two or more persons are registered as the holders of any Securities they shall be deemed (so far as the Company is concerned) to hold the same as joint tenants with benefits of survivorship subject to the following and other provisions contained in these Articles.

# No transfer to more than three persons

(2) The Company shall be entitled to decline to register more than three persons as the joint holders of any Securities.



#### Liabilities of holders

(3) The joint holders of any Security shall be liable severally as well as jointly for and in respect of all calls or installments and other payments which ought to be made in respect of such Securities.

#### **Death of Joint holders**

(4) On the death of any one or more of such joint holders the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognised by the Company as having any title to the share but the Board may require such evidence of death as they may deem fit and nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability on shares held by him jointly with any other person.

### Receipt of one sufficient

(5) Any one of such joint holders may give effectual receipts for any dividends or other moneys payable in respect of such Security.

# Delivery of Certificate and giving of notices to first named holder

(6) Only the person whose name stands first in the Register of Members (or the relevant register maintained for that Security) as one of the joint holders of any shares shall be entitled to delivery of the certificate relating to such or to receive notices (which expression shall be deemed to include all Documents) from the Company and any notice given to such person shall be deemed notice to all the joint holders.

## Votes of Joint holder

(7) Any one of two or more joint holders may vote at any meeting (including voting by postal ballot and by electronic voting) either personally or by an agent duly authorised under a power of attorney or by proxy in respect of such shares as if he were solely entitled thereto and if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting personally or by proxy or by attorney that one of such persons so present whose name stands first or higher (as the case may be) on the Register in respect of such Security shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof. Provided always that a person present at any meeting personally shall be entitled to vote in preference to a person, present by an agent, duly authorised under a power of attorney or by proxy although the name of such persons present by an agent or proxy stands first in the Register in respect of such shares. Several executors of a deceased member in whose (deceased member's) sole name any Security stands shall for the purpose of this subclause be deemed joint holders.

## XIII. GENERAL MEETING

## **Annual General Meeting**

83. The Company shall, in addition to any other meetings which are hereinafter referred to as "Extraordinary General Meeting", hold a General Meeting which shall be



styled its Annual General Meeting at the intervals and in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

## **Directors may call Extraordinary General Meetings**

84. The Directors may call Extraordinary General Meetings of the Company whenever they think fit and such meetings shall be held at such place and time as the Directors think fit.

## Power of Tribunal to call General Meeting

85. (1) If the default is made in holding an Annual General Meeting in accordance with Section 96 of the Act, the Tribunal may, notwithstanding anything in the Act, (or in the Articles of the Company) on the application of any member of the Company, call or direct the calling of a General Meeting of the Company, and give such ancillary or consequential directions as the Central Government thinks expedient in relation to the calling, holding and conducting of the meeting.

Explanation: - The directions that may be given, may include a direction that one member of the Company so present in person or by proxy shall be deemed to constitute a meeting.

(2) A General Meeting held in pursuance of sub-clause (i) shall subject to any directions of the Tribunal be deemed to be an Annual General Meeting of the Company.

# Calling of Extraordinary General Meeting on requisition

- 86. (1) The Board of Directors of the Company shall on the requisition of such number of members of the Company as is specified in sub-clause (4) forthwith proceed duly to call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company.
  - (2) The requisition shall set-out the matters for the consideration of which the meeting is to be called shall be signed by their requisitionists and shall be sent to the Registered Office of the Company.
  - (3) The requisition may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists.
  - (4) The number of members entitled to requisition a meeting in regard to any matter shall be such number of them as hold both on the date of such requisition and on the date of receipt of the requisition not less than one-tenth of such of the paid-up capital of the Company as at that date carries the right of voting in regard to that matter.
  - (5) Where two or more distinct matters are specified in the requisition, the provisions of sub-clause (4) shall apply separately in regard to each such matters and the requisition shall accordingly be valid only in respect of these matters in respect to which the conditions specified in that sub-clause is fulfilled.



(6) If the Board does not, within twenty one days from the date of the receipt of a valid requisition in regard to any matters proceed duly to call a meeting for the consideration of those matters on a day not later than forty five days from the date of receipt of the requisition, the meeting may be called and held by the requisitionists themselves within a period of three months from the date of the requisition.

Explanation:- For the purposes of this sub-clause, the Board shall in the case of a meeting at which a resolution is to be proposed as a Special Resolution, be deemed not to have duly convened the meeting if they do not give such notice thereof as is required by sub-section (2) of Section 114.

- (7) A meeting called under sub-clause (6) by the requisitionists or any of them shall be called in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings are to be called by the Board; but:
  - (a) shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of the deposit of the requisition.
  - (b) shall convene meeting at Registered office or in the same city or town where Registered office is situated and such meeting should be convened on working day.
- (8) Where two or more persons hold any shares or interest in a Company jointly, a requisition or a notice calling a meeting signed by one or only some of them shall for the purposes of this Section have the same force and effect as if it has been signed by all of them.
- (9) Any reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionists by reasons of the failure of the Board duly to call a meeting shall be repaid to the requisitionists by the Company; and any sum so repaid shall be retained by the Company out of any sums due or to become due from the Company by way of fees or other remuneration for their services to such of the Directors as were in default.

#### Length of Notice for calling meeting

87. (1) A General Meeting of the Company may be called by giving at least clear twenty one day's notice in writing or through electronic mode but a General Meeting may be called after giving shorter notice if consent is given in writing or by electronic mode by not less than ninety five percent of the members entitled to vote at such meeting. Provided that where any members of the Company are entitled to vote only on some resolution or resolutions to be moved at meet in g and not on others, those members shall be taken into account for the purposes of this clause in respect of the former resolution or resolutions and not in respect of the latter.

#### **Contents of Notice**

(2) Notice of every general meeting of the Company shall specify the place, date, day and the hour of the meeting and shall contain a statement of the business to be transacted thereat.



## To whom notice to be given

- (3) Such notice shall be given -
  - (i) to every member of the Company, legal representative of any deceased Member or the assignee of an insolvent Member;
  - (ii) to the auditor or auditors of the Company; and
  - (iii) to every Director of the Company.
  - (iv) to every trustee for the debenture holder of any debentures issued by the Company.

# Omission to give notice or non-receipt of notice shall not invalidate proceedings

(4) The accidental omission to give notice to or the non-receipt of notice by, any member or other person to whom it should be given shall not invalidate the proceedings at the meeting.

## **Proxy**

(5) In every notice calling a meeting of the Company there shall appear with reasonable prominence a statement that a member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint a proxy or where that is allowed one or more proxies, to attend and vote instead of himself and that a proxy need not be a member.

## **Explanatory statements**

- (6) Where any items of business to be transacted at the meeting are deemed to be special as provided in Article 88 there shall be annexed to the notice of the meeting a statement setting out all materials facts concerning each such item of business namely:
  - (a) The nature of concern or interest, financial or otherwise, if any of the following persons, in respect of each item of:
    - (i) every Director and the Manager; if any;
    - (ii) every other Key Managerial Personnel; and
    - (iii) relatives of the persons mentioned in sub-clause (i) and (ii);
  - (b) Any other information and facts that may enable members to understand the meaning, scope and implementation of the items of business and to take decision thereon.

# Inspection of documents referred in the explanatory statement

(7) Where any item of business consists of the according of approval to any document by the meeting the time and place where the document can be inspected shall be specified in the statement aforesaid.

## Business to be transacted at meetings

88. In the case of an Annual General Meeting all business to be transacted at the meeting shall be deemed special with the exception of business relating to (i) the consideration of the Financial Statements (including the consolidated financial statements, if applicable), and the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors, (ii) the declaration of a dividend, (iii) the appointment of Directors in the place of

appointment of Director



### Adjourned meeting to transact business even if no quorum present

95. If at such adjourned meeting a quorum of members is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present, whatever their number, shall be a quorum and may transact the business and decide upon all matters which could properly have been disposed of at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, if a quorum had been present thereat.

#### **General Meeting**

96. The Chairman of the Board (whether Member or not) shall if present and willing, be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Annual or Extraordinary, but if there be no such Chairman or in case of his being present or being unwilling or failing to take the chair within fifteen minutes of the time appointed for holding such meeting, the members present shall choose another Director (whether Member or not) as Chairman and if all the Directors present decline to take the chair or if there be no Director present, then the members present shall choose one of their own members to be Chairman of the meeting. If a poll is demanded it shall be taken forthwith in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 104. The Chairman elected on a show of hands shall exercise all the powers of the Chairman for the purpose of such poll. If some other person is elected Chairman as a result of such poll, he shall be the Chairman for the rest of the meeting.

The Chairman be permitted to hold the position of both the Chairman of the Board and/or General Meeting as well as Managing Director/CEO/equivalent position thereof in the Company as per the recommendations of the appropriate committee of the Directors and approved by the Board of Directors and as permitted by applicable laws from time to time.

# When chair vacant business confined to election of Chairman

97. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the election of Chairman, whilst the chair is vacant.

## Chairman with consent of members may adjourn meeting

98. The Chairman may, with the consent of a majority of the members personally present at any meeting, adjourn such meeting from time to time and from place to place in the city, town or village where the Registered Office of the Company be situate but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. A resolution passed at an adjourned meeting of the Company shall be treated as having been passed on the date on which it was in fact passed and shall not be deemed to have been passed on any earlier date.

## Notice of adjournment

99. Whenever any meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more notice of such adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.

Chairman's declaration of result of voting by show of hands



those retiring and (iv) the appointment of and the fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors. In the case of any other meeting all business shall be deemed special.

## Circulation of members resolutions

89. Upon a requisition of members complying with Section 111 of the said Act, the Directors shall comply with the obligations of the Company under the said Act relating to circulation of members' resolutions and statements.

# Certificate conclusive as to Meeting having been duly called

90. A certificate in writing, signed by the Secretary or by a Director or some officer or agent appointed by the Board for the purpose, to the effect that according to the best of its belief the notices convening the meeting have been duly given shall be prima facie evidence thereof.

## Security arrangement at venue of meetings

91. The Board, and the persons authorised by it, shall have the right to take and/or make suitable arrangements for ensuring the safety of any meeting-whether a general meeting or a meeting of any class of Security, or of the persons attending the same, and for the orderly conduct of such meeting, and notwithstanding anything contained in this Articles, any action, taken pursuant to this Article in good faith shall be final and the right to attend and participate in such meeting shall be subject to the decision taken pursuant to this Article.

# XIV. PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS AND ADJOURNMENT THEREOF

# Business which may not be transacted at the meeting

92. No General Meeting, Annual or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss or transact any business a statement of which has not been specified in the notice convening the meeting except as provided in the said Act.

## Presence of Quorum

93. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, unless the requisite quorum is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business. The quorum for a general meeting shall be the presence in person of such number of members as specified in Section 103 of the Act. Subject to Article 82(7) when more than one of the joint-holders of a share is present only one of them shall be counted for ascertaining the quorum. Several executors or administrators of a deceased person in whose sole name shares stand shall for the purpose of this clause be deemed joint holders thereof.

# If quorum not present, when meeting to be dissolved and when to be adjourned

94. If, within half an hour from the time appointed for holding the meeting, a quorum of members is not present, the meeting if convened by or upon such requisition of members as aforesaid shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned pursuant to the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 103 of the Act.

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#### Minutes of evidence

(2) Any such minute, if purporting to be signed by the Chairman of the meeting at which the proceedings took place or by the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting, shall be evidence of the proceedings.

## Presumption to be drawn where minutes duly drawn and signed

(3) Where the minutes have been kept in accordance with clause (1) hereof; then until the contrary is proved, the meeting shall be deemed to have been duly called and held and all proceedings thereat to have duly taken place and the resolution passed by circulation, postal ballot or other permitted means shall be construed to have been duly passed, and in particular all appointments of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, Auditors or Company Secretary in practice, made at the meeting shall be deemed to be valid, including the matters that are required to be transacted at a meeting of the Board as specified in Section 179 of the said Act.

## Inspection of Minute books of General Meeting

- 103. (1) The books containing the minutes of the proceedings of General Meetings of the Company shall-
  - (a) be kept at the registered office of the Company; and
  - (b) be open during business hours to the inspection of any member without charge subject to such reasonable restrictions as the Company may impose so however that not less than two hours in each day are allowed for inspection.
  - (2) Any member shall be entitled to be furnished within seven working days after he has made request in that behalf to the Company with a copy of any Minutes referred to in sub-clause (1) on payment of Rs.10/- for every page or part thereof required to be photocopied and that the Company shall comply with provisions of Section 119 of the Act.

## Other registers

104. The provisions contained in Article 103 shall mutatis mutandis apply to other registers maintained under the provisions of the said Act, that can be inspected by an eligible person.

## Publication of reports of proceedings of General Meeting

105. No document purporting to be a report of the proceedings of any General Meeting of the Company shall be circulated or advertised at the expense of the Company unless it includes the matters required by Section 118 of the Act to be contained in the Minutes of the proceedings of such meeting.

## XV. VOTING RIGHTS AND PROXY

## Indebted members not to vote

106. No member shall be entitled to exercise any voting right on any question either personally or by proxy or upon poil (including voting by electronic means) in



100. (1) At any General Meeting, a resolution put to vote of the meeting shall, unless a poll is demanded under Section 109, or if the voting is carried out electronically be decided on a show of hands. Such voting in a general meeting or by postal ballot shall also include electronic voting in a General Meeting or Postal Ballot as permitted by applicable laws from time to time.

## Chairman's declaration of result of voting by show of hands conclusive

(2) A declaration by the Chairman in pursuance of clause (1) hereof that on a show of hands a resolution has or has not been carried or has or has not been carried either unanimously or by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of the proceedings of the Company, shall be conclusive evidence of the fact, without proof of the number of proportion of the votes cast in favour of or against such resolution.

## Casting vote of the Chairman

101. In case of an equality of votes the Chairman of any meeting shall both on the show of hands and at a poll (if any) held pursuant to a demand made at such meeting, have a second or casting vote.

## Minutes of Proceedings of General Meetings of Board and Other Meeting

- 102. (1) (a) The Company shall cause minutes of all proceedings of General Meetings of any class of shareholders or creditors, and every resolution passed by postal ballot and of all proceedings at meetings of its Board of Directors or of committees of the Board, to be entered in books kept for the purpose.
  - (b) The minutes of each meeting shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceedings thereat.
  - (c) All appointments of officers made at any time of the meetings aforesaid shall be included in the minutes of the meeting.
  - (d) In case of a meeting of the Board of Directors or of a Committee of the Board, the minutes shall also contain:
    - (i) the names of the Directors present at the meeting; and the names of the Directors who are present through video or other audio-visual means.
    - (ii) in the case of each resolution passed at the meeting, the name of the Directors, if any, dissenting from or not concurring on the resolution.
  - (e) There shall not be included in the minutes, any matter which, in the opinion of the Chairman of the meeting:
    - (i) is or could reasonably be regarded as defamatory of any person;
    - (ii) is irrelevant to the interests of the Company; or
    - (iii) is detrimental to the interests of the Company.

#### Explanation: -

The Chairman shall exercise an absolute discretion in regard to the inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the grounds specified in this Article.



#### No voting by proxy on show of hands

- (2) No member not personally present shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands unless such member is a Body Corporate present by proxy or by a representative duly authorised under Section 113 of the Act in which case such proxy or representative may vote on a show of hands as if he were a member of the Company.
- (3) A Member may exercise his vote, in respect of items of business to be transacted for which notice is issued, by electronic means in accordance with Section 108, and shall vote only once.

### Right to use votes differently

112. On a poll taken at a meeting of the Company a member entitled to more than one vote, or his proxy or other person entitled to vote for him, as the case may be, need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast in the same way all the votes he uses. A member or his proxy who votes shall be deemed to have used all his votes unless he expressly gives written notice to the contrary at the time he casts any votes.

## Instrument of proxy to be in writing

113. Any member entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company shall be entitled to appoint another person (whether a member or not) as his proxy to attend and vote instead of himself but a proxy so appointed shall not have any right to speak at the meeting and shall not be entitled to vote except on a poll. A person shall (a) not act as proxy for more than 50 Members and holding in aggregate not more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company; (b) not act as proxy for more than one Member, if that Member holds more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company.

## Proxy may demand poll

114. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing and shall be signed by the appointer or his attorney duly authorised in writing. If the appointer is a Body Corporate such instrument shall be under its seal or be signed by an officer or an attorney duly authorised by it, or by the persons authorised to act as the representative of such company under Article 110. Any instrument appointing a proxy to vote at a meeting shall be deemed to include the power to demand or join in the demand for a poll on behalf of the appointer, where a poll has not been ordered to be carried out electronically.

## Instrument of proxy to be deposited at the Registered Office

115. No instrument of proxy shall be treated as valid and no person shall be allowed to vote or act as proxy at any meeting under an instrument of proxy, unless such instrument of proxy and power-of-attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall have been deposited at the Registered Office of the Company atleast forty-eight hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the persons named in such instrument proposes to vote. An instrument appointing a proxy or an attorney permanently or for a certain period once registered with the



respect of any shares registered in his name on which any calls or other sums presently payable by him have not been paid or in regard to which the Company has or has exercised any right of lien.

### Restrictions on exercise of voting rights in other cases to be void

107. A member is not prohibited from exercising his voting right on the ground that he has held his share or other interest in the Company for any specified period preceding the date on which the vote is taken, or on any other ground not being a ground set out in Article 106.

#### Vote of person of unsound mind

108. A member of unsound mind or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or at a poll by his committee or other legal guardian and not otherwise, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy.

### Votes in respect of Securities under dispute

109. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Articles, where the title to any Securities is under dispute before any court, where no injunction subsists (or direction made) as to the exercise of voting rights or other rights of a member including the rights attached to such Securities, the Board shall be entitled to suspend any such right aforesaid.

### Representation of Corporations

110. A Member being a Body Corporate (whether a company within the meaning of the said Act or not) may by resolution of its Board of Directors or other governing body authorise such persons as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company, or at any meeting of any class of members of the Company. A person authorised by resolution as aforesaid shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers (including the right to vote by proxy) on behalf of the Body Corporate which he represents as that body could exercise if it were a member, creditor or holder of debentures of the Company.

## Number of votes to which member is entitled

111. (1) Subject and without prejudice to any special privileges or restrictions or conditions for the time being attached to or affecting the preference or other special classes of shares, if any, issued by and for the time being forming part of the capital of the Company every member, entitled to vote under the provisions of these presents and not disqualified by the provisions of Articles 106, 108 and 109 or by any other Article shall on a show of hands have one vote and upon a poll every member, present in person or proxy or agent duly authorised by a power-of-attorney or representative duly authorised and not disqualified as aforesaid, shall have voting rights in proportion to his share of the paid-up equity capital of the Company subject however to any limits imposed by law. But no member shall have voting right in respect of any moneys paid in advance as provided by Article 40(b).



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#### Equal rights of Shareholders

122. Any shareholder whose name is entered in the Register of Members of the Company shall enjoy the rights and be subject to the same liabilities as all other shareholders of the same class.

#### Power of Directors to limit dividend

123. No larger dividend shall be declared than is recommended by the Directors, but the Company in General Meeting may declare a smaller dividend.

## Dividend in proportion to the amount paid up

124. Unless the Company otherwise resolves, dividends shall be paid in proportion to the amount paid up or credited as paid up on each share, where a larger amount is paid up or credited as paid up on some share than on others. Provided always that any capital paid up on a share during the period in respect of which a dividend is declared shall unless otherwise resolved be only entitled the holder of such share to a proportionate amount of such dividend from the date of payment.

## Capital advanced on interest not to earn dividends

125. Capital paid-up in advance of calls shall not confer a right to dividend or to participate in profits.

## Dividends out of profits only and not to carry interest what to be deemed profits

126. No dividends shall be payable except out of profits of the Company of the year or any other undistributed profits and no dividend shall carry interest against the Company. The declaration of the Directors as to the amount of the net profits of the Company shall be conclusive.

### Ad-interim dividend

127. The Directors may, from time to time, declare and pay to the members such interim dividend as in their judgment the position of the Company justifies.

## No member to receive dividend while indebted to the Company

128. No member shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend in respect of any share or shares on which the Company has a lien, or whilst any amount due or owing from time to time to the Company, either alone or jointly with any other person or persons, in respect of such share or shares, or on any other account whatsoever, remains unpaid, and the Directors may retain, apply and adjust such dividend in or towards satisfaction of all debts, liabilities, or engagements in respect of which the lien exists, and of all such money due as aforesaid.

## Retention of dividends until completion of transfer under the transmission clause

129. The Directors may retain the dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is under the transmission clause entitled to become a member, or which any person under the same clause is entitled to transfer, until such person shall become a member in respect thereof or shall dive transfer the same.



Company need not be again registered before each successive meeting and shall be in force until the same shall be revoked. Notwithstanding that a power-of-attorney or other authority has been registered in the records of the Company, the Company may by notice in writing addressed to the member or to attorney at least seven days before the date of a meeting require him to produce the original power-of-attorney or authority and unless the same is thereupon deposited with the Company the attorney shall not be entitled to vote at such meeting unless the Directors in their absolute discretion excuse such non-production and deposit.

## Custody of the instrument of appointment

116. If any such instrument of appointment be confined to the objects of appointing an attorney or proxy or substitute, it shall remain, permanent or for such time as the Directors may determine in the custody of the Company and if embracing other objects, a copy thereof, examined with the original shall be delivered to the Company to remain in the custody of Company.

### Form of Proxy

117. The instrument appointing a proxy whether for a specified meeting or otherwise shall be in Form MGT-11.

### Vote of Proxy how far valid

- 118. (1) A vote given in pursuance of an instrument of proxy shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death of the principal or the revocation of the proxy or any power-of-attorney under which such proxy was signed or the transfer of the shares in respect of which the vote is given provided no intimation in writing of the death, revocation or transfer shall have been received at the Registered Office of the Company before the vote is given.
  - (2) In case of e-voting, a Member shall be deemed to have exercised his voting rights by himself, even if any other person had voted using the login credentials of that Member.

## Time for objection to vote

119. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote except at the meeting or adjourned meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered and every vote whether given personally or by proxy, and not disallowed at such meeting or poll, shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

## Chairman sole judge of the validity of a vote

120. The Chairman of any meeting shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such meeting and the Chairman present at the taking of a poll shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such poll. The Chairman shall be assisted by a scrutinizer, appointed by the Board for this purpose.

## XVI. CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS

## The Company in General Meeting may declare a dividend

121. The Company in General Meeting may declare a dividend to be paid to the members according to their respective rights and interests in the profits, and may fix the time for the payment thereof.



### Capitalisation

- 137. (1) A General Meeting of the Members, in a meeting in person or proxy or, through Postal Ballot or, by any other means, as may be permitted may on the recommendation of the Board, direct capitalisation of the whole or any part of the undivided profits for the time being of the Company or the whole or any part of the Reserve Fund or other funds of the Company including the moneys in the Securities Premium Account and the Capital Redemption Reserve Account or the premiums received on the issue of any shares, debentures or debenture-stock of the Company and that such sum be accordingly set free for the purpose, (1) by the issue and distribution, among the holders of the shares of the Company or any of them, in accordance with their respective rights and interests and in proportion to the amounts paid or credited as paid up thereon, of paid-up shares, debentures, debenture-stock bonds or other obligations of the Company, or (2) by crediting any shares of the Company which may have been issued and are not fully paid up, in proportion to the amounts paid or credited as paid up thereon respectively, with the whole or any part of the same.
  - (2) For the purposes above set out the Company may, subject to the provisions contained in section 63, apply: (i) its free reserves, (ii) the Securities Premium Account subject to the provisions of Section 52(2) of the said Act; (iii) the Capital Redemption Reserve Fund subject to the provisions of Section 55(4) of the said Act; and (iv) such other reserves or account as may be applied for issue of bonus shares.

# <u>Date for determination of Members entitled to bonus, dividend and other actions of the Company</u>

138. The Board shall have the right to fix a date for the purpose of determining the Members who are entitled to the payment of the dividend, or shares pursuant to the capitalisation of reserves, and for any other action of the Company that requires determination of the details of Members.

#### XVII. ACCOUNTS

#### Accounts

- 139. (1) The Directors shall keep or cause to be kept at the Registered Office of the Company or at such place in India as the Board thinks fit proper books of accounts in respect of:
  - (i) all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure take place;
  - (ii) all sales and purchase of goods by the Company; and
  - (iii) the assets and liabilities of the Company.
  - (iv) the items of cost, if any- as specified in the relevant Rules.
  - (2) Proper books of account shall also be kept at each branch office of the Company, whether in or outside India, relating to the transactions of that office and proper summarised returns made up to dates at intervals of not more than



## Transfer must be registered to pass right to dividend

- 130. (1) A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend declared thereon before the registration of the transfer.
  - (2) No dividend shall be paid by the Company in respect of any share except to the registered holder of such share or to his order or to his bankers or any other person as permitted by applicable law.

## Dividend when and how to be paid

131. All dividends shall be paid by the cheque or warrant in respect thereof and shall be posted within thirty days of the date on which such dividend is declared by the Company. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent. The Company shall not be liable or responsible for any cheque or warrant lost in transmission or for any dividend lost to the member or person entitled thereto by forged endorsements on any cheque or warrant, or the fraudulent or improper recovery thereof by any other means.

### Notice of dividends

132. Notice of the declaration of any dividend whether interim or otherwise, shall be given to the members in the manner hereinafter provided for giving of notice to member.

## Production of share certificate when applying for dividends

133. The Directors may, if they think fit, call upon the members, when applying for dividends, to produce their share certificates to such person or persons appointed by them in that behalf.

## Any one of Joint-holders of share may receive dividends

134. Any one of several persons who are registered as joint-holders of any share may give effectual receipts for all dividends and payments on account of dividends in respect of such share.

## Dividend payable in cash

135. No dividend shall be payable except in cash.

Provided that nothing herein shall be deemed to prohibit the capitalisation of profits or reserves of the Company for the purpose of issuing fully paid-up bonus shares or paying up any amount for the time being unpaid on any shares held by the members of the Company.

Provided further that any dividend payable in cash may be paid in cheque or warrant or in any electronic mode to the Member entitled to the payment of the dividend.

## Dividend and call together Set off allowed

136. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may make a Call on the Members of such amount as the meeting fixes and so that the Call be made payable at the same time as the dividend, and the dividend may, if so resolved by the Company in General Meeting be set off against the Calls.



twenty one days before the date of meeting be sent to every member, every trustee for the debenture holder of any debentures issued by the Company, to the Auditors of the Company, and every director of the Company. If the copies of the documents aforesaid are sent less than twenty one days before the date of the meeting they shall, notwithstanding that fact, be deemed to have been duly sent if it is so agreed by ninety five percent of the members entitled to vote at the meeting. The accidental omission to send the documents aforesaid, to or the non-receipt of the documents aforesaid by, any member or other person to whom it should be given shall not invalidate the proceedings at the meeting.

(2) Any member or holder of debentures of the Company whether he is or is not entitled to have copies of the Company's Financial Statements sent to him, shall on demand, be entitled to be furnished without charge, and any person from whom the Company has accepted a sum of money by way of deposit shall on demand accompanied by the payment of a fee of fifty rupees, be entitled to be furnished with a copy of the last Financial Statements and every other documents required by law to be annexed or attached thereto.

## Copies of Financial Statements etc. be filed

- 146. (1) A copy of the Financial Statement, including consolidated Financial Statement, if any, along with all the documents which are required to be or attached to such Financial Statements under this Act, duly adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the company, shall be filed with the registrar within thirty days of the Annual General Meeting.
  - (2) If the Annual General Meeting before which a Financial Statement is laid as aforesaid does not adopt the Financial Statements, the un-adopted Financial Statements together with the other documents that are required to be attached to the financial statements shall be filed with the registrar within thirty days of the Annual General Meeting. Thereafter, the Financial Statements adopted at the adjourned annual general meeting shall be filed with the Registrar within thirty days of such adjourned Annual General Meeting.

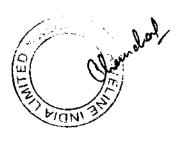
## When accounts to be deemed finally settled

147. Every account when audited and approved by a General Meeting shall be conclusive.

## XVIII. BOARD OF DIRECTORS, THEIR QUALIFICATION AND REMUNERATION

### **Number of Directors**

148. The number of Directors shall not be less than four and not more than fifteen Directors. The Company shall have the power to increase the number of Directors beyond 15 after passing a Special Resolution.





three months shall be sent by each branch office to the Company at its Registered Office of the Company or the other place referred to in clause (1) hereof.

- (3) The books of account referred to in clause (1) and (2) shall be such books as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company or such branch office and to explain its transaction.
- (4) The books of accounts and other Books and Papers shall be open to inspection by any Directors during business hours.
- (5) The Directors shall comply in all respects with Sections 128, 129, 133, 134, 136 to 138 of the said Act and any statutory modifications thereof.

## Inspection to members when allowed

140. The Directors shall, from time to time, determine whether and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the Company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of the members not being Directors; and no member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspection of any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Directors.

## Financial Statements to be laid before the member

141. Subject to Section 129 of the Act at every Annual General Meeting of the Company the Directors shall lay before the Company a Financial Statements for each financial year.

## **Contents of Financial Statements**

142. The Financial Statements shall give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the period of the account. Financial Statements shall comply with the provisions of Section 129 and 133 of the said Act.

## Financial Statements how to be signed

143. The Financial Statements shall be signed in accordance with the provisions of Section 134 of the said Act.

## **Annual Report of Directors**

144. The Directors shall make out and attach to every Balance Sheet laid before the Company in General Meeting a Report of the Board of Directors which shall comply with the requirements of and shall be signed in the manner provided by Section 134 of the said Act.

## Right of Members to copies of Financial Statements and Auditor's Report

145. (1) A copy of every Financial Statements (including consolidated Financial Statements, the Auditors' Report and every other document required by law to be annexed or attached, as the case may be, to the Financial Statement) which is to be laid before the Company in General Meeting shall not less than



#### **Additional Remuneration for Services**

- (1) Any one or more of the Directors shall be paid such additional remuneration as may be fixed by the Directors for services rendered by him or them and any one or more of the Directors shall be paid further remuneration if any as the Company in General Meeting or the Board of Directors shall from time to time determine. Such remuneration and/or additional remuneration may be paid by way of salary or commission on net profits or turnover or by participation in profits or by way of perquisites or in any other manner or by any or all of those modes.
- (2) If any director, being willing shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertion for any of the purposes of the Company, the Company in General Meeting or the Board of Directors shall, subject as aforesaid, remunerate such Director or where there is more than one such Director all or such of them together either by a fixed sum or by a percentage of profits or in any other manner as may be determined by the Directors and such remuneration may be either in addition to or in substitution for the remuneration above provided.

#### Remuneration of Committee

155. The Directors may from time to time fix the remuneration to be paid to any member or members of their body constituting a committee appointed by the Directors in terms of these articles not exceeding such amount as is permissible under the Rules, per meeting attended by him.

## Expenses to be reimbursed

156. The Board of Directors may allow and pay to any Director fair compensation for his travelling and other expenses incurred in connection with the business of the Company including attendance at meeting of the Board or Committee thereof.

## XIX. APPOINTMENT AND ROTATION OF DIRECTORS

## **Appointment of Directors**

- 157. A person shall not be capable of being appointed Director of the Company, if:-
  - (i) he has been found to be unsound mind by court of competent jurisdiction.
  - (ii) he is an undischarged insolvent;
  - (iii) he has applied to be adjudicated as an insolvent and his application is pending;
  - (iv) he has been convicted by a Court in India of any offence involving moral turpitude or otherwise and sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for not less than 6 months, and a period of five years has not elapsed from the date of expiry of the sentence;
  - (v) he has not paid any call in respect of shares of the Company held by him, whether alone or jointly with others and six months have elapsed from the last day fixed for the payment for the call; or
  - (vi) an order disqualifying him for appointment as Director has been passed by a Court or Tribunal and the order is in force,



## **Debenture Directors**

149. If and when the Company shall issue debentures the holders of such debentures, or if and when the Company shall create a mortgage of any property, the mortgagee or mortgagees to whom such property shall be mortgaged, may have the right to appoint and nominate and from time to time remove and reappoint a Director or Directors, in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed securing the said debentures, or the deed creating such mortgages, as the case may be. A Director so appointed under this Article, is herein referred to as "The Debenture Director" and the term "Debenture Director" means a Director for the time being in office under the Article, and he shall have all the rights and privileges of an ordinary Director of the Company, except in so far as is otherwise provided for herein or by the Trust Deed securing the-Debentures or the deed creating the mortgage, as the case may be.

## **Nominee Director**

150. Any deed for securing loans by the Company from financial corporations may be so arranged to provide for the appointment from time to time by the lending financial corporation of some person or persons to be a director or directors of the Company and may empower such lending financial corporation from time to time to remove and re-appoint any Director so appointed. A Director appointed under this Article is herein referred as "Nominee Director" and the term "Nominee Director" means any director for time being in office under this Article. The deed aforesaid may contain ancillary provisions as may be arranged between the Company and the lending corporation and all such provisions shall have effect notwithstanding any of the other provisions herein contained.

## Qualification of a Director

151. No Director of the Company be required to hold any qualification shares

## Register of Directors etc. and of Directors Shareholdings

152. The Directors shall arrange to maintain at the Registered office of the Company a Register of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, containing the particulars and in the form prescribed by Section 170 of the Act. It shall be the duty of every Director and other persons regarding whom particulars have to be maintained in such Registers to disclose to the Company any matters relating to himself as may be necessary to comply with the provisions of the said sections.

## Fee for Directors

- 153. A Director may receive remuneration by way of fee not exceeding such amount as may be permissible under the Rules for attending each meetings of the Board or Committee thereof; or of any other purpose whatsoever as may be decided by the Board.
- 154. Subject to the provisions of Section 197 of the said Act:



- (iii) If at the adjourned meeting also, the place of the retiring Director is not filled up and that meeting also has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the retiring Director shall be deemed to have been re-appointed at the adjourned meeting unless:-
  - (i) at the meeting or at the previous meeting a resolution for the reappointment of such Director has been put to the meeting and lost;
  - the retiring Director has, by a notice in writing addressed to the Company or its Board of Directors, expressed his unwillingness to be so re-appointed;
  - (iii) he is not qualified or is disqualified for appointment;
  - (iv) a resolution, whether special or ordinary, is required for his appointment or re-appointment by virtue of any provisions of the said Act; or
  - (v) Section 162 is applicable to the case.

#### Removal of Director

160. The Company may by an ordinary resolution remove any Director (not being a Director appointed by the Tribunal in pursuance of Section 242 of the Act) in accordance with the provisions of Section 169 of the Act. A Director so removed shall not be reappointed a Director by the Board of Directors.

#### Notice of candidature when to be given

Act, be eligible for appointment to the Office of Director at any General Meeting, if he or some member intending to propose him has, not less than fourteen days before the meeting, left at the Registered Office of the Company a notice in writing under his hand signifying his candidature for the office of Directors or as the case may be, the intention of such Member to propose him as a candidate for the office, along with deposit of one lakh rupees or such other amount as may be specified in the relevant Rules. The amount so deposited shall be refunded to such person or, as the case may be, to the Member, if the person proposed get selected as a Director or gets more than 25% of total valid votes.

#### Consent of candidate for Directorship to be filed with the Registrar

162. A person appointed as a Director shall not act as a Director unless he gives his consent to hold the office as director and such consent has been filed with the Registrar within thirty days of his appointment in such manner as prescribed in the relevant Rules.

### Appointment of Directors to be voted on individually

163. (1) At a General Meeting of the Company a motion shall not be made for the appointment of two or more persons as Directors of the Company by a single resolution, unless a resolution that is shall be so made has first been agreed to by the meeting without any vote being given against it.







- (vii) he has been convicted of the offence dealing with related party transactions under Section 188; or.
- (viii) he has not complied with sub-section 3 of section 152.

## Appointment of Directors and proportion to retire by rotation

- 158. (1) The Company shall appoint such number of Independent Directors as it may deem fit, for a term specified in the resolution appointing him. An Independent Director may be appointed to hold office for a term of up to five consecutive years on the Board of the Company and shall be eligible for re appointment on passing of Special Resolution and such other compliances as may be required in this regard. No Independent Director shall hold office for more than two consecutive terms. The provisions relating to retirement of directors by rotation shall not be applicable to appointment of Independent Directors.
  - (2) Not less than two-thirds of the total number of Directors of the Company shall:
    - (i) be persons whose period of office is liable to determination by retirement of Directors by rotation; and
    - (ii) save as otherwise expressly provided in the said Act; be appointed by the Company in General Meeting.

Explanation:-for the purposes of this Article "total number of Directors" shall not include Independent Directors appointed on the Board of the Company.

(3) The remaining Directors of the Company shall also be appointed by the Company in General Meeting except to the extent that the Articles otherwise provide or permit.

## Provision regarding Directors retiring by rotation

- 159. (1) Subject to the provisions of Section 152 of the Act at every Annual General Meeting, one-third of such of the Directors for the time being as are liable to retire by rotation, or if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to one-third, shall retire from office.
  - (2) The Directors to retire by rotation at every Annual General Meeting shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment, but as between persons who become Directors on the same day, those who are to retire shall, in default of and subject to any agreement among themselves, be determined by lot. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.
  - (3) (i) At the Annual General Meeting at which a Director retires as aforesaid, the Company may fill up the vacancy by appointing the retiring Director or some other person thereto.
    - (ii) If the place of the retiring Director is not so filled up and the meeting has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the meeting shall stand adjourned till the same day in the next week, at the same time and place, or if that day is a National Holiday, till the next succeeding day which is not a holiday, at the same time and place.



### Directors may act notwithstanding vacancy

167. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but, if and so long as their number is reduced below three, the continuing Directors may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to the said number, or of summoning a General Meeting of the Company, but for no other purpose.

## XX. RESIGNATION OF OFFICE BY DIRECTORS

## **Resignation of Directors**

168. Subject to the provisions of Section 168 of the Act a Director may at any time resign from his office upon giving notice in writing to the Company of his intention so to do, and thereupon his office shall be vacated.

## XXI. PROCEEDINGS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### **Meeting of Directors**

169. A minimum number of four meetings of the Directors shall have been held in every year in such a manner that not more than one hundred and twenty days shall intervene between two consecutive meetings of the Board. The Directors may meet together for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meeting and proceedings, as they think fit, and may determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business.

## Meeting through video conferencing

170. The Board of Directors shall be entitled to hold its meeting through video conferencing or other permitted means, and in conducting the Board meetings through such video conferencing or other permitted means the procedures and the precautions as laid down in the relevant Rules shall be adhered to. With regard to every meeting conducted through videoconferencing or other permitted means, the scheduled venue of the meetings shall be deemed to be in India, for the purpose of specifying the place of the said meeting and for all recordings of the proceedings at the meeting.

## Notice of Meetings

171. Subject to provisions of Section 173 (3) of the Act, notice of not less than seven days of every meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company shall be given in writing to every Director at his address registered with the company and shall be sent by hand delivery or by post or through electronic means.

The meeting of the Board may be called at a shorter notice to transact urgent business subject to the condition that at least one Independent Director of the Company shall be present at the meeting. In the event, any Independent Director is not present at the meeting called at shorter notice, the decision taken at such meeting shall be circulated to all the directors and shall be final only on ratification thereof by at least one Independent Director.



- (2) A resolution moved in contravention of clause (1) shall be void, whether or not objection was taken at the time to its being so moved;
- (3) For the purpose of this Article a motion for approving a person's appointment or for nominating a person for appointing shall be treated as a motion for his appointment.

### Directors may appoint Additional Directors

164. The Directors shall have power at any time and from time to time, to appoint any person other than a person who fails to get appointed as a director in a general meeting, as an additional director at any time. Each such Additional Director shall hold office only up to the date of the next following Annual General Meeting, or the last date on which the annual general meeting should have been held, whichever is earlier, but shall be eligible for appointment by the Company at that meeting as a Director.

### Filling up of casual vacancies

- 165. (1) If the office of any Director appointed by the Company in General Meeting is vacated before his term of office expires in the normal course, the resulting casual vacancy may be filled by the Board of Directors at a meeting of the Board.
  - (2) Any person so appointed shall hold office only up to the date up to which the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if it has not been vacated as aforesaid.

## **Appointment of Alternate Director**

- 166. (1) The Board of Directors may appoint a person, not being a person holding any alternate directorship for any other Director in the Company, to act as an Alternate Director to act for a Director (hereinafter called "the Original Director") during his absence for a period of not less than three months from India.
  - (2) No person shall be appointed as an alternate director for an Independent Director unless he is qualified to be appointed as an Independent Director.
  - (3) An Alternate Director shall be entitled to notice of meetings of the Directors, and to attend and vote thereat accordingly.
  - (4) An Alternate Director shall vacate office if and when the Original Director returns to India.
  - (5) If the term of office of the Original Director is determined before he so returns to India as aforesaid any provision for the automatic re-appointment of retiring Directors in default of another appointment shall apply to the Original Director and not to the Alternate Director.

(6) An Alternate Director may be removed by the Board of Directors which may appoint another Alternate Director in his place.



#### **Quorum of Meetings**

172. The quorum for a meeting of the Board shall be one-third of its total strength (any fraction contained in that one third being rounded off as one), or two directors whichever is higher and the directors participating by video conferencing or by other permitted means shall also counted for the purposes of this Article.

Provided that where at any time the number of interested Directors exceeds or is equal to two-thirds of the total strength, the number of the remaining Directors, that is to say, the number of the Directors who are not interested, being not less than two, shall be the quorum during such time.

#### Explanation:

The expressions "interested Director" shall have the meanings given in Section 184(2) of the said Act and the expression "total strength" shall have the meaning as given in Section 174 of the Act.

### Procedure of meeting adjourned for want of Quorum

- 173. (1) If a meeting of the Board could not be held for want of a quorum then the meeting shall automatically stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place, or if that day is a National Holiday, till the next succeeding day which is not a National Holiday at the same time and place.
  - (2) The provisions of Article 169 shall not be deemed to have been contravened merely by reason of the fact that a meeting of the Board which has been called in compliance with the terms of that Article could not be held for want of a quorum.

#### Power of Quorum

174. A meeting of the Directors for the time being at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and directions by law or under the Articles and regulations for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Directors generally.

#### When Meetings to be convened

175. The Chairman may, and manager or Secretary on the requisition of a Director shall, at any time, summon a meeting of the Board.

#### Question how decided

176. Questions arising at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairman thereat shall have a second or casting vote.

### Chairman of Directors' meetings

177. The Directors may elect a Chairman of their meetings, and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and unless otherwise determined the Chairman shall be elected annually. If no Chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairman is not present within five minutes of the time appointed for holding the same, or is



unwilling to preside, the Directors present may choose one of their members to be the Chairman of such meeting.

### **Directors may appoint Committees**

178. Subject to the provisions of Section 179 of the said Act, the Directors may delegate any of their powers, other than powers which by reason of the provisions of the said Act cannot be delegated to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as they may think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such Committee either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes. Every Committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed on it by the Directors, and all acts done by any such Committee in conformity with such regulations and in fulfillment of the purpose of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

## Meetings and proceedings of Committee how governed

179. The meetings and proceedings of any such Committee consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of any such Committee, or by any regulations made by the Directors.

## Resolutions by Circular

180. A resolution not being a resolution required by the said Act or otherwise to be passed at a meeting of the Directors, may be passed without any meeting of the Directors or of a committee of Directors provided that the resolution has been circulated in draft, together with the necessary papers, if any, to all the Directors, or to all the members of the Committee as the case maybe, at their addresses registered with the Company, by hand delivery or by post or courier or through electronic means as permissible under the relevant Rules and has been approved by a majority of the Directors as are entitled to vote on the resolution.

## Validity of acts of Directors

181. All acts done by a person as a Director shall be valid, notwithstanding that it may be afterwards discovered that his appointment was invalid by reason of any defect or disqualification or had terminated by virtue of any provision contained in the said Act or in these Articles. Provided that this Article shall not give validity to acts done by a Director after his appointment has been shown to the company to be invalid or to have terminated.

## Minutes of proceedings of the Board and the Committee to be valid

182. The Directors shall cause minutes to be duly entered in a book or books provided for the purpose in accordance with these presents and section 118 of the Act.

## Registers of Directors and Key Managerial Person

183. (1) The Directors shall cause to be kept at the Registered Office (a) a Register mentioned in Article 152 and (b) a Register of Contracts or arrangements of



which they are interested, containing the particulars required by Section 189 of the Act.

#### Inspection of Register

(2) The provisions contained in Article 103 (1)(b) and 103(2) relating to inspection and taking copies shall be mutatis mutandis be applicable to the registers specified in this Article.

#### XXII. APPOINTMENT OF KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

- 184. (1) Subject to the provisions of the Act:
  - (i) A Key Managerial Personnel may be appointed by the Board for such term at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit and the Key Managerial Personnel so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution in the Board Meeting.
  - (ii) A Director may be appointed as chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer

#### XXIII. BORROWING POWERS OF DIRECTORS

#### Power to borrow

#### Conditions on which money may be borrowed

185. (1) Subject to clause (2) hereof the Directors may, from time to time at their discretion raise or borrow, or secure the repayment of any loan or advance taken by the Company. Any such moneys may be raised and the payment or repayment of such moneys maybe secured in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as the Directors may think fit and, in particular by promissory notes, or by opening current accounts or by receiving deposits and advances at interest, with or without security, or by the issue of debentures of debenture-stock of the Company charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company (both present and future), including its uncalled capital for the time being, or by mortgaging, charging or pledging any lands, buildings, machinery, plants, goods or other property and securities of the Company, or by such other means as to them may seem expedient.

#### Restrictions on Powers of Board

(2) The Board of Directors shall not, except with the consent of the Company in General Meeting, borrow moneys where the moneys to be borrowed together with the moneys already borrowed by the Company (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business) will exceed the aggregate of the paid-up capital of the Company and its free reserves, that is to say, reserves not set apart for any specific purpose. No debt by the Company in excess of limit imposed by this Article shall be valid or effectual unless the lender proves that he advanced the loan in good faith and without knowledge that the limit imposed by that Article has been exceeded.



(3) Any bonds, debentures, debenture-stock or other securities issued or to be issued by the Company, shall be under the Control of the Directors who may issue them upon such terms and conditions and in such manner and for such consideration as they shall consider to be for the benefit of the Company.

#### Securities may be assignable free from equities

- (4) Any such debentures, debenture-stock and other securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.
- (5) If any other offer is made to the public to subscribe for or purchase debentures the provisions of the said Act relating to a prospectus shall be complied with.

### Issue at discount etc. or with special privilege

- (6) (i) Any such debentures, debenture-stock, bonds or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise, and on condition (with the consent of the Company in General Meeting) and they may have a right to allotment of or be convertible into shares of any denominations, and with any special privileges and conditions as to redemption (or being irredeemable), surrender, drawings, re-issue, attending at General Meeting of the Company, appointment of Directors, and otherwise, provided that no debentures, debenture-stock, bonds or other securities may be issued carrying voting rights.
  - (ii) The Company shall have power to re-issue redeemed debentures.
  - (iii) A contract with the Company to take up and pay for any debentures of the Company may be enforced by a Deed for specific performance.

### Limitation of time for issue of certificates

(iv) The Company, shall within two months after the allotment of any of its shares, and six months after the allotment of any debentures or debenture-stock, and within one month after the application for the registration of the transfer of any shares, debentures or debenture-stock have completed and have ready for delivery the certificates of all shares, the debentures and the certification of all debenture-stock allotted or transferred, unless the conditions of issue of the shares, debentures of debenture-stock otherwise provide.

The expression "transfer" of the purpose of the sub clause means a transfer duly stamped, dated and otherwise valid, and does not include any transfer which the Company is for any reason entitled to refuse to register and does not register.

### Right to obtain called capital

(7) (i) A copy of any trust deed for securing any issue of debentures shall be forwarded to the holder of any such debentures or any member of the



- Company at his request and within seven days of the making thereof on payment of rupees fifty (Rs. 50/-);
- (ii) The Court may also, by order, direct that the copy required shall forthwith be sent to the person requiring it.

#### **Inspection of Trust Deeds**

(iii) The Trust Deed referred to in sub-clause (i) shall be open inspection by any member or debenture holder of the Company in the same manner, to the same extent, and on payment of the same fees, as if it were the register of members of the Company.

#### Mortgage of uncalled Capital

186. If any uncalled capital of the Company is included in or charged by any mortgagor other security, the Directors may, by instrument under the Company's seal, authorise the person in whose favour such mortgage or other security is executed, or any other person in trust for him to make calls on the members in respect of such uncalled capital, and the provisions hereinbefore contained in regard to call shall mutatis mutandis apply to calls under such authority, and such authority may be made exercisable either conditionally or unconditionally and either presently or contingently, and either to the exclusion of the Directors power or otherwise, and shall be assignable if expressed so to be.

#### Indemnity may be given

187. If the Directors or any of them or any other person shall become personally liable for the payment of any sum primarily due from the Company, the Board may execute or cause to be executed any mortgage, charge or security over or affecting the whole or any part of the assets of the Company by way of indemnity to secure the Directors or person so becoming liable as aforesaid from any loss in respect of such liability.

#### Foreign register of members

188. The Company may exercise the power to keep foreign register of members or debenture holders or other security holders or beneficial owners residing outside India as provided in Section 88 of the Act.

#### XXIV. POWER OF DIRECTORS

#### Business of the Company to be managed by Directors

189. (1) Subject to the provisions of Section 135, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 188 and 203 of the Act, the Board of Directors of the Company shall be entitled to exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, be nearly do all such acts and things as are or shall be by the said Act, and the memorandum of association and these precedents directed or authorized to be exercised, given, make or done by the Company and are not thereby expressly directed or required to be exercise, given, made or done by the Company in General Meeting, but subject to such regulations being (if



any) not inconsistent with the said provisions as from time to time may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting provided that no regulation so made by the company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if the regulations had not been made.

#### Power to delegate

(2) Save as provided by the said Act or by these presents and subject to the restrictions imposed by Section 179 of the said Act, the Directors may delegate all or any powers by the said Act or by the Memorandum of Association or by these presents reposed in them.

#### Specific powers to Directors

- 190. Subject to the provisions of Articles 189 but without prejudice to the General Powers thereby conferred and so as not in anyway to conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the following powers and authorities, that is to say power and authority:
  - (1) (i) to enter into agreements with foreign components and other persons for obtaining by granting license or other terms, formulae and other rights and benefits and to obtain financial and or technical collaboration, technical information, knowhow and expert advice in connection with the activities and business permitted under the Memorandum of Association of the Company
    - (ii) to take over and acquire the industrial license, import license, permit and other rights on payment of actual and out of pocket expenses incurred thereof, and compensation for technical services rendered in connection therewith
    - (iii) to pay and charge to the Capital / Revenue Account of the Company the legal and other costs, charges and expenses of and preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment and registration of the Company including the stamps and fees paid in respect thereof
    - (iv) to pay and charge to the Capital / Revenue Account of the Company any commission or interest lawfully payable under the provisions of the said Act
    - (v) To carry out activities that are specified in Schedule VII of the Act, and for this purpose expend / incur the monies of the Company, and all monies so expended or incurred for this purpose shall also be construed to be for the purpose of the Company's business
  - (2) to purchase in India or elsewhere any machinery plant, stores and other articles and things for all or any of the objects or purpose of the Company;
  - (3) to purchase, take on lease or otherwise acquire in India any lands (whether freehold, leasehold or otherwise) and with or without houses, buildings, structures or machinery (fixed or loose) and any moveable property, rights or

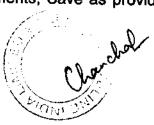


privileges(including intellectual property rights) from any person including a Director in furtherance of or for carrying out its objects, at or for such price or consideration and generally on such terms and conditions and with such titled thereto as they may think fit or may believe or be advised to be reasonable satisfactory.

- (4) to purchase, or otherwise acquire from any person and to resell, exchange, and repurchase any patent for or license for the use of any invention.
- (5) to purchase or otherwise acquire for the Company any other property, formulae, concessions, rights and privileges which the Company is authorised to acquire, at or for such price or consideration and generally on such terms and conditions as they may think fit.
- (6) in any such purchase or other acquisition to accept such titled as the Directors may believe or may be advised to be reasonably satisfactory. At their discretion to pay for any property, rights or privileges acquired by or services rendered to the Company, either wholly or partly in cash or in shares, or in both, or in bonds, debentures, mortgages or other securities of the Company, and any such shares may be issued either as fully paid up or with such amount credited as paid up thereon as may be agreed upon and any bonds, debentures, mortgages or other securities, may be either specifically charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company, and its uncalled capital or not so charged.
- (7) to sell for cash or on credit or to contract for the sale and future delivery of or to and for sale in any part of India or elsewhere any products or Articles produced, manufactured or prepared by the Company as the Directors may deem advisable.
- (8) to erect, construct, and build and factories, warehouses, godowns, engine houses, tanks, wells, or other constructions, adopted to the objects of the Company or may be considered expedient or desirable for the objects or purposes of the Company or any of them;
- (9) to sell from time to time any articles, materials, machinery, plant, stores and other articles and things belonging to the Company as the Directors may think proper and to manufacturer, prepare and sell waste and by-products;
- (10) from time to time to extend the business and undertaking of the company by adding to, altering, or enlarging all or any of the building, factories, workshops, premises, plant and machinery, for the time being the property or in the possession of the Company, or by erecting new or additional buildings, and to expend such sums of money for the purposes aforesaid or any of them, as may be thought necessary or expedient;
- (11) to remove all or any of the machinery, plant and other movable property of the Company for the time being in or upon lands, buildings, or premises of the Company to other lands, buildings, or premises;



- (12) to negotiate for, and subject to the approval of the Company in General Meeting, contract for the sale and transfer of all or any part of the property and undertaking of the Company as a going concern, subject or not subject to all or any of the obligations and liabilities of the Company;
- (13) to undertake on behalf of the Company the payment of all rents the performance of all covenants, conditions and agreements contained in or reserved by any lease that may be granted or assigned to or otherwise acquired by the Company, and to purchase the reversion or reversions, and otherwise to acquire the freehold or fee-simple of all or any of the lands of the Company for the time being held under lease, or for an estate less than a free hold estate;
- (14) to improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, sell, re-sell and re- purchase, dispose of, deal with or otherwise turn to account and property (movable or immovable) or any rights or privileges belonging to or at the disposal of the Company or in which the Company is interested:
- (15) to secure the fulfillment of any contracts or engagements entered into by the Company by mortgage or charge of all or any of the property of the Company and its unpaid capital for the time being or in such manner as they may think fit.
- (16) to accept from any member, on such terms and conditions as shall be agreed upon and as far as may be permissible bylaw, a surrender of his shares or any part thereof;
- (17) to determine from time to time who shall be entitled to sign on the Company's behalf bills, notes, receipts, acceptances, endorsement, cheques, dividend warrants, releases, contracts and documents and to give the necessary authority for such purposes;
- (18) to make advances and loans without any security, or on such security as they may think proper and to take security for already existing debts, and otherwise to invest and deal with any of the moneys of the Company not immediately required for the purpose thereof in Government or Municipal securities, fixed deposits in banks and in such other manner as they may think fit and from time to time vary or realise such investments, and for the purpose aforesaid to authorise such persons within limits to be fixed from time to time by the Board.
- (19) to make and give receipts, releases and other discharges for moneys payable to, or for goods or property belonging to the Company, and for the claims and demands of the Company;
- (20) subject to the provisions of Section 179, 180 and 186 of the said Act, to invest and deal with any moneys of the Company not immediately required of the purposes thereof, upon such security (not being shares of the Company) or without security and in such manner as they may think fit, and from time to time to vary or realise such investments, Save as provided in Section 187 of





the said Act all investments shall be made and held in the Company's own name:

- (21) to give to any officer or other person employed by the Company including any Directors so employed, a commission on the profits of any particular business or transaction, or a share in general or particular profits of the Company, and such commission or share of profits shall be treated as part of the working expenses of the Company and to pay commissions and make allowances to any person introducing business to the Company or otherwise assisting its interests;
- (22) subject to the provisions of Section 187 of the said Act to appoint any person or persons (whether incorporated or not) to accept and hold in trusts for the Company any property belonging to the Company, or in which the Company is interested or for any other purposes and to execute and do all such acts, deeds and things as may be requisite in relation to any such trust, and to provide for the remuneration of such trustee or trustees;
- (23) to insure and keep insured against loss or damage or fire or otherwise for such period and to such extent as they may think proper all or any part of the buildings, machinery, goods, stores, produce and other movable property of the Company either separately or conjointly, also to insure all or any portion of the goods, produce, machinery and other articles imported or exported by the Company and to sell, assign, surrender or discontinue any policies of assurance effected in pursuance of this power.
- (24) to attach to any shares to be issued as the consideration or part of the consideration for any contract with or property acquired by the Company, or in payment for services rendered to the Company, such conditions as to the transfer thereof as they think fit;
- (25) to execute, in the name and on behalf of the Company, in favour of any Director or other person who may incur or be about to incur any personal liability for the benefit of the Company, such mortgages of the Company's property (present and future) as they may think fit and any such mortgage may contain a power of sale and such other powers, covenants and provisions as shall be agreed upon;
- (26) to institute, conduct, defend, compound, abandon or refer to arbitration any action, suit, appeals, proceedings, for enforcing decrees and orders and other legal proceedings by or against the Company or its officers, or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company, to compound or compromise and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due and of any claims or demands by or against the Company and to refer the same or arbitration, to observe and perform any awards made there on; to act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents;
- (27) The person duly authorised by the Directors shall be entitled to make, give, sign and execute all and every warrant to use or telepid on behalf of the Company, and all and every legal proceedings and compositions or



compromise, agreements, and submission to arbitration and agreement to refer to arbitration as may be requisite, and for the purposes aforesaid, the Secretary or such other person may be empowered to use their or his own name on behalf of the Company, and they or he shall be saved harmless and indemnified out of the funds and property of the Company, from and against all costs and damages which they or he may incur or be liable to by reason of their or his name so used as aforesaid.

- (28) to provide for the welfare of the employees or ex-employees of the Company, and the wives, widows and families or the dependants or connects of such persons and to give, award or allow any pension, gratuity, compensation, grants of money, allowances, bonus, stock options (including other stock related compensation) or other payment to or for the benefit of such persons as may appear to the Directors just and proper, whether they have or have not a legal claim upon the Company, and before recommending any dividends to set aside portions of the profits of the Company to forma fund to provide for such payments and in particular to provide for the welfare of such persons, by building or contributing to the building of houses, dwelling or chawls, or by creating and from time to time subscribing or contributing to provident and other associations, institutions, funds, or trusts and by providing or subscribing or contributing towards places of instruction and recreation, hospitals and dispensaries, medical and other attendance and other assistance as the Directors shall think fit; and to subscribe or contribute or otherwise to assist or to guarantee money to charitable, benevolent, religious, scientific, national or other institutions, or objects which shall have any moral or other claim to support or aid by the Company either by reason of locality of operation or of public and general utility;
- (29) before recommending any dividend, to set aside, out of the profits of the Company such sums for depreciation as provided in Section 123 of the said Act and such sums as they think proper for creating reserves, general or specific or special funds to meet contingencies or to repay debentures or debenture-stock or to pay off preference of other shareholders subject to the sanction of the Court when the same is required by law on for payment of dividends or equalising dividend or for special dividends or bonus or for repairing, improving, extending and maintaining any part of the property of the Company and for such other purposes (including the purposes referred to in the preceding clause)as the Directors may in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interest of the Company and from time to time to carry forward such sums as may be deemed expedient and to invest and deal with the several sums to set aside or any part thereof as provided in Clause (18) of this Article as they think fit, and from time to time to deal with and vary such investment and dispose of and apply and expend the same or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company in such manner and for such purpose as the Directors in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interest of the Company notwithstanding that the matters to which the Directors apply or upon which they expend the same or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company in such manner and for such purpose as the Directors in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interest of the Company



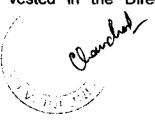
notwithstanding that the matter to which the Directors apply or upon which they expend the same or any part thereof may be matters to and upon which the capital money of the Company might rightly be applied or expended and the Directors may divide the Reserve or any Fund into such special funds and transfer any sum from one fund to another as they may think fit and may employ the assets constituting all or any of the above funds including the Depreciation Fund or any part thereof in the business of the Company or in the purchase or repayment of debentures or debenture-stock or preference shares or in payment of special dividend or bonus and that without being bound to keep the same separate from the other assets, and without being bound to pay interest for the same with power however to the Directors at their discretion to pay or allow to the credit of such funds or any of them the interest at such rate as the Directors may think proper not exceeding 9 percent per annum.

- (30) from time to time and at any time to entrust to and confer upon the officers for the time being of the Company, and to authorise, or empower them to exercise and perform and by Power-of-Attorney under seal to appoint any person to be the Attorney of the Company and invest them with such of their powers, authorities, duties and discretion exercisable by or conferred or imposed upon he Directors, but not the power to make Calls or other power which by law are expressly stated to be incapable of delegation as the Directors may think fit. and for such time and to be exercise for such objects and purposes and subject to such restrictions and conditions, as the Directors may think proper or expedient, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of and in substitution for all or any of the powers, authorities, duties and discretions of the Directors in that behalf, with authority to the Secretary or such officers or attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities, duties, and discretions for the time being vested in or conferred upon them and from time to time to revoke all such appointments of attorney and withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers, authorities, duties and discretions;
- (31) to appoint, and at their pleasure to remove, discharge, or suspend and to reemploy or replace, for the management, of the business, secretaries, managers, experts, engineers, accountants, agents, subagents, bankers, brokers, muccadums, solicitors, officers, clerks, servants and other employees for permanent, temporary or special services as the Directors may from time to time think fit, and to determine their powers and duties and fix their emoluments, salaries, wages, and to require security in such instances and to such amount as they think fit, and to ensure and arrange for guarantee for fidelity of any employees of the Company and to pay such premiums on any policy of guarantee as may from time to time become payable;
- (32) from time to time and at any time to establish any local Board for managing any of the affairs of the Company in any specified locality in India or elsewhere and to appoint any persons to be members of any Local Boards and to fix their remuneration. And from time to time and at any time to delegate to any person so appointed any of the powers, authorities and discretions for the time being vested in the Directors, other than their power to make a Call and to authorise the members for the time being of any such Local Board, or any of them to fill



up any vacancies therein and to act notwithstanding vacancies and any such appointment or delegation may be made on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may think fit, and the Directors may at any time remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation. Any such delegate may be authorised by the Directors to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions for the time being vested in him.

- (33) at any time and from time to time by power-of-attorney to appoint any person or persons to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these presents) and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Directors may from time to time think fit and any such appointment (if the Directors think fit) may be made in favour of the members or any of the members of any Local Board established as aforesaid or in favour of any Company or the members, Directors, nominees, or Managers of any company or firm or otherwise in favour of any fluctuating body or persons whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, and any such Power-of-attorney may contain such powers for the protection or convenience of persons dealing with such Attorney as the Directors may think fit.
- (34) from time to time to provide for the management transaction of the affairs of the Company outside the Registered Office or in any specified locality in India or outside India, in such manner as they think fit and in particular to appoint any person to be the Attorneys or agents of the Company with such powers, authorities and discretions (including power to sub- delegate) but not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors, and also not the power to make calls or issue debentures and for such period, and upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may think fit, and at any time to remove any person so appointed or withdraw or vary any such powers as may be thought fit, and for that purpose the Company may exercise the powers conferred by Section 88 of the Act relating to keep in any State or country outside India a foreign Register respectively and such powers shall accordingly be vested in the Directors.
- (35) for or in relation to any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise for the purpose and objects of the Company to enter into all such negotiations and contracts and rescind and vary all such contracts, and execute, perform and do and sanction, and authorise all such acts, deeds, matters and things, including matters that are incidental and/or ancillary thereto, in the same and on behalf of the Company as they may consider expedient;
- (36) to open accounts with any bank or bankers or with any Company, firm or individual for the purpose of the Company's business and to pay money into and draw money from any such account from time to time as the Directors may think fit.
- (37) generally subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles to delegate the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Directors to any Key





- Managerial Personnel, firm, company or fluctuating body of persons as aforesaid.
- (38) toauthorise the issue of securities (including depository receipts), whether convertible to shares or not, as per applicable laws, either as a primary issue or a secondary offering.

#### XXV. MANAGING DIRECTORS

#### Power to appoint Managing Director

191. Subject to the provisions of Section 196, 197, and 203 of the Act, the Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to be Managing Director, Joint Managing Director or Managing Directors, Whole-time Director, Manager or Chief Executive Officer of the Company either for a fixed term or without any limitation as to the period for which he or they is or are to hold such office but in any case not exceeding five years at a time and may from time to time remove or dismiss him or them from office and appoint another or others in his or their place or places.

#### What provisions Managing Director will be subject to

192. A managing Director or Joint Managing Director subject to the provisions contained in Article 184 shall not while he continues to hold that office be subject to retirement by rotation and he shall not be taken into account in determining the rotation of retirement of Directors or the number of Directors to retire but he shall, subject to the terms of any contract between him and the Company, be subject to the same provisions as to resignation and removal as the Directors of the Company, and if he ceases to hold the office of Directors from any cause shall ipso facto and immediately cease to be Managing Director.

#### Remuneration of Managing Director

193. The remuneration of a Managing Director and Joint Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors and may be by way of salary or commission or participating in profits or by way or all of those modes or in other forms shall be subject to the limitations prescribed in Section 197 of the Act.

### Powers and duties of Managing Directors

194. The Directors may from time entrust to and upon a Managing Director or Joint Managing Director for the time being such of the powers exercisable under these Articles by the Directors as they may think fit, and may confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they think expedient, and they may confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of and in substitution for all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers, unless and until otherwise determined a Managing Director may exercise all the powers exercisable by the Directors, save such powers as by the Act or by these Articles shall be exercisable by the Directors themselves.



#### XXVI. SECRETARY

- 195. (1) The Directors may from time to time appoint and at their discretion remove, a person (hereinafter called "the Secretary") to keep the Registers required to be kept by the Company, to perform any other function which by the said Act or by these Articles are to be performed by the Secretary and to execute any other duties which may from time to time be assigned to the Secretary by the Directors.
  - (2) The Directors may any time appoint a temporary substitute for the Secretary who shall for the purpose of these Articles be deemed to be the Secretary.

## XXVII. INDEMNITY TO AND PROTECTION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

#### <u>Indemnity</u>

- 196. (1) The Board shall be entitled to meet out of the funds of the Company to defend, every officer of the Company as defined by Section 2(59) of the said Act, or any person (whether an officer of the Company or not) employed by the Company, against all claims made on them (including losses, expenses, fines, penalties or such levies), in or about the discharge of their respective duties.
  - (2) Every Officer of the Company, as defined by Section 2(59) of the said Act, or any person (whether an Officer of the Company or not) employed by the Company, shall be entitled to direct the company to meet all claims, losses, expenses, fines, penalties or such other levies, expended by them, respectively in or about the discharge of their respective duties, out of the funds of the Company against all such liabilities, including attorney fees, incurred by them in defending any proceedings under the Act, or other laws applicable to the Company, and/or its subsidiaries in any jurisdiction.
  - (3) The Company may take and maintain any insurance as the Board may think fit on behalf of its directors (present and former), other employees and the Key Managerial Personnel, for insurers to directly meet all claims, losses, expenses, fines, penalties or such other levies, or for indemnifying any or all of them against any such liability for any acts in relation to the Company for which they may be liable.

## Directors and Other Officers not responsible or acts of others

197. No Director of the Company, Manager, Secretary, Trustee, Auditor and other officer or servant of the Company shall be liable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of any other Director or officer or servant or for joining in any receipts or other act for the sake of conformity merely or for any loss or expenses happening to the Company through the insufficiency or deficiency in point of titles or value of any property acquired by the order of the Directors for or on behalf of the Company or mortgaged to the Company or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency or tortuous act of any person, company or corporation to or with whom any moneys,

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securities or effects of the Company shall be entrusted or deposited or for any loss occasioned by any error of judgement, omission default or oversight on his part or for any other loss, damage or misfortune whatever which shall happen in relation to the execution or performance of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own dishonesty.

198. An Independent Director, and a non-executive director not being a promoter or a Key Managerial Personnel, shall be liable only in respect of acts of omission or commission, by the Company which had occurred with his knowledge, attributable through Board processes, and with his consent or connivance or where he has not acted diligently.

#### XXVIII. SEAL

### The Seal, its custody and use

- 199. (1) The Directors shall provide a Common Seal for the purpose of the Company and shall have power from time to time to destroy the same and substitute a new seal in lieu thereto and the Directors shall provide for the safe custody of the seal for the time being. The seal of the Company shall never be used except by the authority of a resolution of the Board of Directors and in presence of one of Directors or such other persons as the Board may authorise who will sign in token thereof and countersigned by such officers or persons at the Directors may from time to time resolve.
  - (2) Any instrument bearing the Common Seal of the Company and issued for valuable consideration shall be binding on the Company notwithstanding any irregularity touching the authority of the Directors to issue the same.

## XXIX. NOTICES AND SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS

## Members to notify address for registration

200. It shall be imperative on every member or notify to the Company for registration his place of address in India and if he has no registered address within India to supply to the Company an address within India for giving of notices to him. A member may notify his email address if any, to which the notices and other documents of the company shall be served on him by electronic mode. The Company's obligation shall be satisfied when it transmits the email and the company shall not be responsible for failure in transmission beyond its control.

### **Notice**

201. Subject to Section 20 of the said Act, a document may be served by the Company on any member thereof by sending it to him by post or by registered post or by speed post or by courier or by delivering at his address (within India) supplied by him to the company for the service of notices to him.

The term courier means person or agency who or which delivers the document and provides proof of its delivery.



# <u>Transfer of successors in title of members bound by notice given to previous</u> holders

202. Every person, who by operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever, shall become entitled to any share, shall be bound by any and every notice and other document in respect of such share which previous to his name and address being entered upon the register shall have been duly given to the person from whom he derives his title to such share.

#### When notice may be given by advertisement

203. Any notice required to be given by the Company to the members or any of them and not expressly provided for by these presents shall be sufficiently given, if given by advertisement, once in English and once in a vernacular daily newspaper circulating in the city, town or village in which the registered office of the Company is situate.

### Service of notice good notwithstanding death of member

204. Any notice or document served in the manner hereinbefore provided shall notwithstanding such member be then dead and whether or not the Company has notice of his death, be deemed to have been duly served in respect of any share, whether held solely or jointly with other persons by such member, until some other person be registered in his stead as the holder or joint-holder thereof and such service, for all purposes of these presents be deemed a sufficient service of such notice or documents on his heirs, executors, administrators and all person (if any) jointly interested with him in any such shares.

#### Signature to notice

205. Any notice given by the Company shall be signed (digitally or electronically) by a Director or by the Secretary or some other officer appointed by the Directors and the signature thereto may be written, facsimile, printed, lithographed, photostat.

## Service of documents on company

206. A document may be served on the Company or on an officer thereof by sending it to the Company or officer at the Régistered Office of the Company by post or by Registered Post or by leaving it at its Registered Office, or by means of such electronic mode or other mode as may be specified in the relevant Rules.

#### XXX. SECRECY CLAUSE

#### Secrecy Clause

207. No member shall be entitled to visit any works of the Company without the permission of the Directors or to require discovery of or any information respecting any detail of the Company's working, trading or any matter which is or may be in the nature of a secret, mystery of trade or secret process, which may relate to the conduct of the business of that Company and which in the opinion of the Directors, it will be inexpedient in the interest of the members of the Company to communicate to the public.



#### XXXI. WINDING-UP

208. If upon the winding-up of the Company, the surplus assets shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the paid-up capital, the excess shall be distributed amongst the members in proportion to the capital paid or which ought to have been paid-up on the shares at the commencement of the winding-up held by them respectively, other than the amounts paid in advance of calls. If the surplus assets shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid-up capital, such surplus assets shall be distributed so that as nearly as may be the losses shall be borne by the members in proportion to the capital paid-up or which ought to have been paid-up at the commencement of the winding-up on the shares held by them respectively, other than the amounts paid by them in advance of calls. But this Article is without prejudice to the rights of the holders of any shares issued upon special terms and conditions and shall not be construed so as to or be deemed to confer upon them any rights greater than those conferred by the terms and conditions of issue.

### Distribution of assets in specie

- 209. If the Company shall be wound-up whether voluntarily or otherwise, the following provisions shall take effect:
  - (1) the Liquidator may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution, divide among the contributories in specie or kind any part of the assets of the Company and may, with the like sanction, vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trust for the benefit of the contributories or any of them, as the Liquidator with the like sanction shall think fit.
  - (2) If thought fit any such division may be otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the contributories (except where unalterably fixed by the Memorandum of Association) and in particular any class may be given preferential or special rights or may be excluded altogether or in part but in case any division otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the contributories shall be determined on any contributory who would be prejudiced thereby shall have the right to dissent and shall have ancillary rights as if such determination were a Special Resolution passed pursuant to Section 319 of the said Act.
  - (3) In case any shares to be divided as aforesaid involve a liability to calls or otherwise any person entitled under such division to any of the said shares, may, within seven days after the passing of the Special Resolution by notice in writing, direct the Liquidator to sell his proportion and pay him the proceeds and the Liquidator shall, if practicable, act accordingly.

## Liquidator may sell for shares in another company

210. Any such Liquidator may, irrespective of the powers conferred upon him by the said Act and as an additional power conferring a general or special authority, sell the undertaking of the Company or the whole or any part of its assets for shares fully or partly paid-up or the obligations of or other interest in any other company and may by the contract of sale agree for the allotment to the members directly of the proceeds of sale in proportion to their respective interests in the Company and

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incase the shares of this Company shall be of different classes, may arrange for the allotment in respect of preference shares of the Company, to obligations of the purchasing company or of shares of the purchasing company with preference or priority over or with a larger amount paid-up than the shares allotted in respect of ordinary shares of this Company and may further by the contract, limit a time at the expiration of which shares, obligations or other interests not accepted or required to be sold, shall be deemed to have been refused and be at the disposal of the Liquidator.

## Sale under Section 319 of the Companies Act, 2013

211. Upon any sale under the last preceding Article or under the powers given by Section 319 of the said Act, no member shall be entitled to require the Liquidator either to abstain from carrying into effect the sale or the resolution authorising the same or to purchase such member's interest in this Company, but in case any member shall be unwilling to accept the share, obligations or interests to which under such sale he would be entitled, he may, within seven days of the passing of the resolution authorising the sale, by notice in writing to the Liquidator, require him to sell such shares, obligations or interests and thereupon the same shall be sold in such manner as the Liquidator may think fit and the proceeds shall be paid over to the member requiring such sale.

#### XXXII. GENERAL POWERS

#### General Power

212. Where any provisions of the said Act, provides that the Company shall do such act, deed, or thing, or shall have a right, privilege or authority to carry out a particular transaction, only if it is so authorised in its Articles, in respect of all such acts, deeds, things, rights, privileges and authority, this Article hereby authorises the Company to carry out the same, without the need for any specific or explicit Article in that behalf.

#### XXXIII. INDEMNITY

213. Every officer of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in which relief is granted to him by the court or the Tribunal.

A copy of draft altered Articles of Association(AOA) of the Company is kept at the registered office of the Company for inspection of the members during office hours.

As per the provisions of Section 14 of the Companies Act, 2013 any alteration so made require Shareholders approval by way of **special resolution**.

Therefore, the Board of Directors of your Company recommends the passing of Special Resolution as set out in Item No. 6 of the Notice.





None of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives is concerned or interested, financial or otherwise, in the resolution set out at Item No. 6 of the Notice.

Place: New Delhi Date: 30.05.2015 By Order of the Board

Chanchal Gupta Company Secretary



## BOARD'S REPORT (SECTION 134 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013)

#### To The Members

The Directors have pleasure in presenting the 20<sup>th</sup> Annual Report together with the Audited Financial Statement your Company for the financial year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2015.

#### **FINANCIAL RESULTS:**

(₹ in Lacs)

	Financiai year ended	
Financial Results	31.03.2015	31.03.2014
Revenue from operations and other income (gross)	2068.14	1624.79
Profit before finance cost and depreciation and	(88.01)	(163.53)
amortisation expense		
Finance Cost	76.01	45.18
Depreciation and Amortisation expense	48.42	33.54
Profit before tax and exceptional item	(212.44)	(242.25)
Less: Exceptional Item		-
Profit Before Tax	(212.44)	(242.25)
Less: Tax Expense	7.49	25.06
Profit After Tax	(219.93)	(267.31)

#### **DIVIDEND:**

In view of the financial performance of your Company, your Directors have not recommended any dividend for the financial year 2014-15.

#### PERFORMANCE OVERVIEW

FY 2015 was the second year of operation for XDIL. During the year under review, the sales and other income of the Company was ₹ 1812.71 Lacs against ₹ 1420.97 Lacs in the previous year. The Net Loss is ₹ 219.93 Lacs against ₹ 267.31 Lacs in the last year.

#### **OUTLOOK:**

The Company is in advance stage of completing development of its product range.

Quality assurance of finished goods is the trademark of XDIL and that gives a very positive outlook of this company in the coming time. XDIL is focusing on OEMs for achieving a better growth perspective and OEMs have also initiated showing their interest in it.

With all these factors company is quite optimistic to achieve targeted volumes in the Financial Year 2015-16.

#### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Directors confirm that, -



in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;

the directors had selected such accounting policies and applies them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and





prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2015 and of the profit and loss of the Company for the period ended on that date;

- (c) the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) the directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- (e) the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

#### **RELATED PARTY CONTRACTS AND ARRANGEMENTS**

The particulars of the undergoing contracts or arrangements of the Company with related parties during the period under review referred to in Section 188(1) of the Company Act, 2013 were in ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis. During the year, the Company had not entered into any contract/arrangement/ transaction with related parties which could be considered material. The prescribed form AOC-2 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is enclosed as Annexure -"A" to this report.

#### PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENT

During the period under review, the Company has not made any loan, guarantee or investment in terms of provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **DIRECTORS**

In accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Articles of Association of your Company, Mr. V.K. Pargal and Mr. Rajiv Chandra Rastogi, Directors retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. Therefore, in terms of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013, it has been proposed to appoint Mr. V.K. Pargal and Mr. Rajiv Chandra Rastogi as Non Executive Independent Directors for a period of 5 (Five) Years upto the conclusion of the 25<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company in the Calendar year 2020 at the ensuing AGM of the Company.

The Company has received notice under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 from member(s) of the Company, proposing the candidature for the office of Director for the above Directors.

During the year under review, the members approved the appointment of Mr. Surinder P. Kanwar and Mr. P.C. Kothari as Directors

The brief resume of the Directors proposed to be appointed is given in the notice calling the Annual General Meeting.

#### NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

During the financial year 2014-15, Five (5) Board Meetings were held on the following dates. The gap between any two meetings was not more than one hundred twenty days as mandated under the provisions of Section 173 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Clause 49 of the Listing Agreement with the Stock Exchanges:-

- May 30, 2014;
- July 31, 2014;
- November 13, 2014;
- February 10, 2015; and
- March 28, 2015







#### INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

In terms of provisions of Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013, all the Independent Directors of the Company have furnished a declaration to the Company at the meeting of the Board of Directors held on 30th May, 2015 stating that they fulfill the criteria of Independent Director as prescribed under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and are not being disqualified to act as an Independent Director.

#### POLICY ON DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION

In terms of provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, a policy relating to remuneration for the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees has been adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company in pursuance of its formulation and recommendation by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee thereby analyzing the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director.

The said policy is annexed as Annexure -"B" to this report.

#### **EVALUATION PROCESS**

The Board of Directors of the Company has established a framework for the evaluation of its own performance and that of its committees and individual Directors of the Company.

The certain parameters covering the evaluation of the Chairman, Executive Directors and Independent Directors have been fixed by the Board on the basis of which the evaluation is being carried out on annual basis in terms of provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL**

The Board of Directors of the Company has designated following Directors/Officials of the Company as Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) of the Company w.e.f. 30th September, 2014 in terms of provisions of Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013:

1. Mr. Sachit Kanwar

Managing Director

2. Mr. Shalesh Kumar

Senior Manager- F&A & (CFO)

3. Mr. Nitin Tyagi

Company Secretary

No Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) of the Company has resigned during the financial year ended 31st March, 2015.

#### PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

Information regarding employees in accordance with the provisions of Rule 5(2) and Rule 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment & Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is given in Annexure "C" to the Board's Report.

#### AUDIT COMMITTEE

In terms of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors has constituted the Audit Committee as provided under Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 with following members:

Dr. Sanjeev Kumar

Chairman

Mr. V.K. Pargal Mr. Rajiv Chandra Rastogi Member

Member

Mr. P.C. Kothari

Member



#### SUBSIDIARIES/JOINT VENTURES/ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

During the year under review, no Company has become or ceased to be subsidiary, joint venture or associate of the Company.

#### FIXED DEPOSITS

During the financial year under review, your Company has not accepted any deposits from the public.

#### **AUDITORS**

The Statutory Auditors M/s. B.R. Maheshwari & Co., Chartered Accountants (ICAI Registration No. 001035N) had been appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company in the 19<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting held on 31<sup>st</sup> July, 2014 for a period of 3 (Three) years in terms of provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 to hold office from the 19<sup>th</sup> AGM to the third consecutive Annual General Meeting from the 19<sup>th</sup> AGM in the Calendar year 2017 (subject to ratification by the members at every Annual General Meeting).

Therefore, the consent of members for ratification of appointment of Statutory Auditors to hold office from the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company till the next Annual General Meeting of the Company in calendar year 2016 is being sought in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

#### REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The report of M/s B.R. Maheshwari & Co. (ICAI Registration No. 001035N), Chartered Accountants, the Statutory Auditors of the Company on the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2015 is annexed to the financial statements in terms of provisions of Section 134(2) of the Companies Act, 2013. The observations of the Auditors in their report are self-explanatory and/or explained suitably in the Notes forming part of the Financial Statements. The report of the Statutory Auditors does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark which needs any explanation or comment of the Board.

#### INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

Xlerate Driveline India Limited has a proper and adequate system of internal financial controls which includes the policies and procedures for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

During the year, the Company formed a Risk Management Policy in order to identify the common prevailing risks in the Company to be reviewed and assess the management's action to mitigate the risk exposure in a timely manner.

# INTERNAL COMPLAINT COMMITTEE FOR PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT

Pursuant to the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressed) Act, 2013, as the Company don't have adequate women employee at the senior level, the women employees of the Raunaq International Limited, Holding Company have been nominated as members of the



Internal Complaint Committee (ICC) of the Company to deal with the complaints related to the sexual harassment.

Your Company has always believed in providing a safe and harassment free workplace for every individual working in the company through various interventions and practices. The Company always endeavors to create and provide an environment that is free from discrimination and harassment including sexual harassment.

During the year ended 31 March, 2015, no complaints pertaining to sexual harassment was received by ICC.

#### **DISCLOSURES UNDER SECTION 134 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013**

Except as disclosed elsewhere in the Annual Report, there have been no material changes and commitments, which can affect the financial position of the Company between the end of financial year and the date of this report.

#### TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, **FOREIGN** CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, **EXCHANGE EARNINGS & OUTGO**

The information in accordance with the provisions of Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is given in Annexure "D" to the Board's Report.

#### **EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN**

In terms of provisions of Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 12 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, the extract of the Annual Return of the Company in Form MGT-9 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 is enclosed as Annexure-"E" to this report.

#### **COURT/TRIBUNAL ORDERS**

There were no instances of any significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and company's operations in future.

#### INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

During the year under review, industrial relations in the Company continued to be cordial and peaceful.

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Board hereby places on record its sincere appreciation for the continued assistance and support extended to the Company by its Bankers, customers, vendors, Government Authorities and employees.

Your Directors appreciate and is obliged for the faith and confidence reposed by you, the shareholder in the Company.

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: New Delhi Date: 30/05/2015

Surinder P. Kanwar Chairman

DIN: 00033524

Zamai

Mddress: A-3, Greater Kailash-I, New Delhi-110048, Delhi



Annexure-"A"

#### Form No. AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3)of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis

#### NIL

2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis **NIL** 

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Samo

Surinder P. Ranwar Chairman

DIN: 00033524

Address: A-3, Greater Kailash-l, New Delhi-110048, Delhi

Place: New Delhi Dated: 30/05/2015



#### **POLICY ON NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION**

#### Introduction:

In pursuance of the Company's policy to consider human resources as its invaluable assets, to pay equitable remuneration to all Directors, Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) and employees of the Company, to harmonize the aspirations of human resources consistent with the goals of the Company and in terms of the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 as amended from time to time this policy on nomination and remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management has been formulated by the Committee and approved by the Board of Directors.

#### Objective and purpose of the Policy:

The objective and purpose of this policy are:

- To lay down criteria and terms and conditions with regard to identifying persons who are qualified to become Directors (Executive and Non-Executive) and persons who may be appointed in Senior Management and Key Managerial positions and to determine their remuneration.
  - To determine remuneration based on the Company's size and financial position and trends and practices on remuneration prevailing in peer companies, in the Auto Component industry.
  - To carry out evaluation of the performance of Directors, as well as Key Managerial and Senior Management Personnel.
  - To provide them reward linked directly to their effort, performance, dedication and achievement relating to the Company's operations.
  - To retain, motivate and promote talent and to ensure long term sustainability of talented managerial persons and create competitive advantage. In the context of the aforesaid criteria the following policy has been formulated by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and adopted by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on July 31, 2014.

#### Effective Date:

This policy shall be effective with retrospective effect from 1st April, 2014.

#### Constitution of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee:

The Board has constituted Nomination and Remuneration Committee on May 30, 2014. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprises of following Directors:

#### Sr. No. Committee Members

- Dr. Sanjeev Kumar, Chairman (Independent Director)
- 2. Mr. Surinder P. Kanwar, Member (Chairman and Director)
- 3. Mr. R.C. Rastogi, Member (Independent Director)
- 4. Mr. V.K. Pargal, Member (Independent Director)

The Board has the power to reconstitute the Committee consistent with the Company's policy and applicable statutory requirement.



#### **Definitions**

- · Board means Board of Directors of the Company.
- Directors means Directors of the Company.
- Committee means Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company as constituted or reconstituted by the Board.
- Company means Xlerate Driveline India Limited.
- Independent Director means a director referred to in Section 149 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) means-

- (i) Executive Chairman and / or Managing Director;
- (ii) Whole-time Director;
- (iii) Chief Financial Officer;
- (iv) Company Secretary;
- (v) Such other officer as may be prescribed under the applicable statutory provisions / regulations.
- **Senior Management** means who are members of its core management team excluding Board of Directors and all members of the management one level below the Executive Director, including the functional Heads. Unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions used in this policy and not defined herein but defined in the Companies Act, 2013 as may be amended from time to time shall have the meaning respectively assigned to them therein.

#### **Applicability**

The Policy is applicable to;

- Directors (Executive and Non Executive)
- Key Managerial Personnel
- Senior Management Personnel

#### General

- This Policy is divided in three parts:
  - Part A covers the matters to be dealt with and recommended by the Committee to the Board.
  - Part B covers the appointment and nomination and;
  - Part C covers remuneration and perquisites etc.
- The key features of this Company's policy shall be included in the Board's Report.

#### PART - A

# MATTERS TO BE DEALT WITH, PERUSED AND RECOMMENDED TO THE BOARD BY THE NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Committee shall:

• Formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director.



- Identify persons who are qualified to become Director and persons who may be appointed in Key Managerial and Senior Management positions in accordance with the criteria laid down in this policy.
- Recommend to the Board, appointment and removal of Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel.

#### PART - B

# POLICY FOR APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTOR, KMP AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

- Appointment criteria and qualifications:
- 1. The Committee shall identify and ascertain the integrity, qualification, expertise and experience of the person for appointment as Director, KMP or at Senior Management level and recommend to the Board his / her appointment.
- 2. A person should possess adequate qualification, expertise and experience for the position he / she is considered for appointment. The Committee has discretion to decide whether qualification, expertise and experience possessed by a person is sufficient / satisfactory for the concerned position.
- 3. The Company shall not appoint or continue the employment of any person as Whole time Director who has attained the age of seventy years. Provided that the term of the person holding this position may be extended beyond the age of seventy years with the approval of shareholders by passing a special resolution based on the explanatory statement annexed to the notice for such motion indicating the justification for extension of appointment beyond seventy years.

#### • Term / Tenure:

- 1. Managing Director/Whole-time Director:
- The Company shall appoint or re-appoint any person as its Executive Chairman, Managing Director or Executive Director for a term not exceeding five years at a time. No re-appointment shall be made earlier than one year before the expiry of term.
- 2. Independent Director:
- An Independent Director shall hold office for a term up to five consecutive years on the Board of the Company and will be eligible for re-appointment on passing of a special resolution by the Company and disclosure of such appointment in the Board's report.
- No Independent Director shall hold office for more than two consecutive terms, but such Independent Director shall be eligible for appointment after expiry of three years of ceasing to become an Independent Director. Provided that an Independent Director shall not, during the said period of three years, be appointed in or be associated with the Company in any other capacity, either directly or indirectly.
- At the time of appointment of Independent Director it should be ensured that number of Boards on which such Independent Director serves is restricted to seven listed companies as an Independent Director and three listed companies as an Independent Director in case such person is serving as a Whole-time Director of a listed company.



#### • Evaluation:

The Committee shall carry out evaluation of performance of every Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel at regular interval (yearly).

#### Removal:

Due to reasons for any disqualification mentioned in the Companies Act, 2013, rules made thereunder or under any other applicable Act, rules and regulations, the Committee may recommend, to the Board with reasons recorded in writing, removal of a Director, KMP or Senior Management Personnel subject to the provisions and compliance of the said Act, rules and regulations.

#### • Retirement:

The Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel shall retire as per the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the prevailing policy of the Company. The Board will have the discretion to retain the Director, KMP, Senior Management Personnel in the same position / remuneration or otherwise even after attaining the retirement age, for the benefit of the Company.

#### PART - C

# POLICY RELATING TO THE REMUNERATION FOR THE WHOLE-TIME DIRECTOR, KMP AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

#### • General:

- 1. The remuneration / compensation / commission etc. to the Chairman and Managing Director or Joint Managing Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel will be determined by the Committee and recommended to the Board for approval. The remuneration / compensation / commission etc. shall be subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company and Central Government, wherever required.
- 2. The remuneration and commission to be paid to the Chairman and Managing Director or Joint Managing Director, if any shall be in accordance with the percentage / slabs / conditions laid down as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and the rules made thereunder.
- 3. Increments to the existing remuneration / compensation structure may be recommended by the Committee to the Board which should be within the slabs approved by the Shareholders in the case of Whole-time Director.
- 4. Where any insurance is taken by the Company on behalf of its Chairman and Managing Director, Joint Managing Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, the Company Secretary and any other employees for indemnifying them against any liability, the premium paid on such insurance shall not be treated as part of the remuneration payable to any such personnel. Provided that if such person is proved to be guilty, the premium paid on such insurance shall be treated as part of the remuneration.
- <u>Remuneration to Managing Director, Joint Managing Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel:</u>

#### 1. Fixed pay:

The Managing Director, Joint Managing Director / KMP and Senior Management Personnel shall be eligible for a monthly remuneration as may be approved by the Board on the recommendation of the Committee.



The break up of the pay scale and quantum of perquisites including, employer's contribution to P.F, pension scheme, medical expenses, club fees etc. shall be decided and approved by the Board on the recommendation of the Committee and approved by the shareholders and Central Government, wherever required.

#### 2. Minimum Remuneration:

If, in any financial year, the Company has no profits or its profits are inadequate, the Company shall pay remuneration to its Managing Director, Joint Managing Director in accordance with the provisions of Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 and if it is not able to comply with such provisions, with the previous approval of the Central Government.

#### 3. Provisions for excess remuneration:

If Managing Director, Joint Managing Director draws or receives, directly or indirectly by way of remuneration any such sums in excess of the limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 or without the prior sanction of the Central Government, where required, he / she shall refund such sums to the Company and until such sum is refunded, hold it in trust for the Company. The Company shall not waive recovery of such sum refundable to it unless permitted by the Central Government.

Remuneration to Non- Executive / Independent Director:

#### 1. Sitting Fees:

The Non- Executive / Independent Director may receive remuneration by way of fees for attending meetings of Board or Committee thereof. Provided that the amount of such fees shall not exceed Rs. One lakh per meeting of the Board or Committee or such amount as may be prescribed by the Central Government from time to time.

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Annexure "C"

# XLERATE DROVELINE MAINTED HIS SELLAND INDIA UNMEED MICHARISTS HIS REPORTED FOR THE SELLAND OF MAINTEGRAL PROTOTOR!) Rules, 2014 Forming Part of the Directors' Report for the year ended 31st March, 2015

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Annexure-"D"

Report on Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption, Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo and forming part of Directors' Report for the year ended  $31^{\rm st}$  March, 2015

#### A. Conservation of energy

- (i) Steps taken or impact on conservation of energy:-
  - Following steps were taken for Energy saving:
    - For day light transparent sheets introduced in the plant.
    - 14 Turbo Exhaust ventilators installed at the top of Roof to exhaust hot air.
    - Flooring done on the shop floor to reduce material movement.
    - Coolers removed from shop floor
  - Halogen Light 15 Nos Removed from the Shop Floor
- (ii) The steps taken by the company for utilizing alternate sources of energy:-

No such implementation plan till now. The Company proposes to utilize alternate sources of energy in future.

(ii) Capital investment on energy conservation equipments:-

NIL

#### B. Technology Absorption:

(i) Efforts made in technology absorption:-

Technology Absorption, adaptation and innovation.

1.	Efforts in brief, made	Focus is on technology up gradation.
	towards technology absorption, adaptation and innovation	Upgradation of Run out Machine into Load checking rig for Cover assembly is taken up.
	Gitte Initial and St.	Storage area improved in BSR Reduce .
		Grinding attachment attached on existing lathe for sub-assembly boring and grinding to eliminate outsourced process.
2.	Benefits derived as a result of the above efforts, e.g., product improvement, cost reduction, product development, import	Contingency Planning, reduce manufacturing costs and reduce outsourcing.
	development, import	1×7 \2\



	substitution, etc.	
3.	In case of imported technology (imported during the last 3 years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year):  a) Technology imported b) Year of import c) Has technology been fully absorbed d) If not fully absorbed, areas where this has not taken place, reasons therefore and future plans of action.	Not Applicable
4.	Expenditure incurred on Research and Development (R&D)	

#### C. Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo:

(₹ in Lacs)

	2014-2015	2013-2014
Foreign Exchange Earned	106.48	58.62
Foreign Exchange used	49.69	119.61
Net Foreign Exchange earnings	56.79	(60.99)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: New Delhi Date: 30/05/2015



Surinder P. Kanwar Chairman

DIN: 00033524

Address: A-3, Greater Kailash-i, New Delhi-110048, Delhi



Annexure - 'E'

## Form No. MGT-9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

as on the financial year ended on 31st March, 2015

[Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

#### I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

i) CIN : U35990HR1995PLC050123

ii) Registration Date : 25<sup>th</sup> October, 1995

iii) Name of the Company : Xierate Driveline India Limited

iv) Category/Sub-Category of the Company : Public Limited Company

v) Address of the Registered office

and contact details : Shed No. 1, Gurukul

Industrial Estate, Sarai Khwaja

P.O. Amar Nagar Faridabad-121003

Haryana

No

Ph: 0129-4288670 Fax: 0129-4288680

E-mail: info@xleratedriveline.com

vi) Whether listed company Yes / No :

vii) Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any

Linkintime India Private Limited

A-40, Community Centre,

IInd Floor,

Naraina Phase-I, Near PVR Naraina, New Delhi-110028 Ph: 011-41410592-94 Fax: 011-41410591

E-mail: delhi@linkintime.co.in

#### II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated:-

SI. No.	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Product/ service	% to total turnover of the company
1.	Clutch and Clutch Plates	Group 293 - Manufacture of parts and accessories for motor vehicles	100.00

#### III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

S. No	NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE COMPANY	CIN/GLN	HOLDING/ SUBSIDIARY /ASSOCIATE	% of shares held	Applicable Section
1.	Raunaq International Limited	L51909HR1965PLC034315	Holding Company	100.00	LEHAPE

# IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

#### I) Category-wise Share Holding

Category of Share holders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year				No. of Shares held at the end of the year				% Change during the year
<u> </u>	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				_			0.00
a) Individual/HUF	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
b) Central Govt	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
c) State Govt (s)	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
d) Bodies Corp.	11877032	6	11877038	100.00	11877032	6	11877038	100.00	0.00
e) Banks / FI		0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
f) Any Other		0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
Sub-total (A) (1):- (2) Foreign	11877032	6	11877038	100.00	11877032	6	11877038	100.00	0.00
a) NRIs - Individuals	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
b) Other -		1				_	_		
Individuals	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
c) Bodies Corp.	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
d) Banks / FI	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
e) Any Other	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
Sub-total (A) (2):-	o	o	0	0.00	0	О	0	0.00	0.00
Total shareholding of Promoter (A) = (A)(1)+(A)(2)	11877032	6	11877038	100.00	11877032	6	11877038	100.00	0.00

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c) Others (specify)	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0
Sub-total (B)(2):-	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0
Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+ (B)(2)	0	0	0	0.00	o	0	0	0.00	0
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	0	0	Ō	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
Grand Total (A+B+C)	11877032	6*	11877038	100.00	11877032	6	11877038	100.00	0.00

<sup>\*</sup>Held by Raunaq International Limited, Holding Company through its nominees holding 1 share each.





#### (ii)Shareholding of Promoters

SI No.	Shareholder's Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year			Shareho			
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	%of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	%of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	% change in share holding during the
1.	Raunaq International Limited	11877038*	100.00	0.00	11877038	<u> </u>	0.00	0.00
	Total	11877038	100.00	0.00	11877038	100.00	0.00	0.00

\*6 shares held through its nominees.

(iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)

SI. No.		Shareholding at the yea		Cumulative Shareholding during the year		
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	
<del></del>	At the beginning of the year	11877038	100.00	11877038	100.00	
<u> </u>	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Promoters Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc):	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A 	
· `	At the End of the year	11877038	100.00	11877038	100.00	

Note: There is no change in the total shareholding of promoters between 01-04-2014 and 31-03-2015

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

SI. No.		Shareholding at the yea	Shareholding at the end of the year		
	For Each of the Top 10 Shareholders	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
-	_	-	-	-	<u>-</u>





#### (v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

SI.	Name	Name	Name	Name	Name	Name	Name	Name	Name Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Date	Increase/ Decrease in sharehold ing	Reason	Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
A	Directors	No. of share (s)	% of total shares of the company				No. of share (s)	% of total shares of the company							
1.	Surinder P Kanwar	1*	0.00	1 April 2014	0	No change in shareholding	1*	0.00							
		1*	0.00	31- March- 2015			1*	0.00							
2	Sachit Kanwar	1*	0.00.	1 April 2014	0	No change in shareholding	1*	0.00							
		1*	0.10 <b>0</b> .	31- March- 2015		:	1*	0.00⅓							
3	Dr Sanjeev Kumar	0	0.00	1 April 2014 31- March-	0	Nil Holding/ movement during the year	0	0.00							
		0	0.00	2015	0	year	0	0.00							
4	Mr V.K. Pargal	0	0.00	1 April 2014 31- March-	0	Nil Holding/ movement during the year	Ō	0.00							
		0	0.00	2015	О		0	0.00							
5	Mr Rajiv Chandra Rastogi	0	0.00	1 April 2014 31- March-	0	Nil Holding/ movement during the year	0	0.00							
_		0	0.00	2015	0		0	0.00							
	Mr P.C. Kothari	1*	0.00	1 April 2014	0	No change in shareholding	1*	0.00							
		1*	0.00	31- March- 2015			1*	0.00							
7	Mr. Jagdeep Singh	1*	0.00	1 April 2014 31- March-	0	No change in shareholding	1*	0.00							
		1*	0.00	2015			1*	0.00							
В	Key Managerial Personnei (KMP's)														
1	Shalesh Kumar Senior Manager- F&A	0	0.00	1 April 2014 31- March-	0	Nil Holding/ movement during the year	0	0.00							
	& (CFO)	0	0.00	2015	0	1	DATE	↓o.oo							



2	Nitin Tyagi Company Secretary	0	0.00	1 April 2014	0	Nil Holding/ movement during the year	0	0.00
		0	0.00	31- March- 2015	0		0	0.00

<sup>\*</sup>Held as nominee

# V. INDEBTEDNESS Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment

(Rs. In lakhs)

	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the firmcial year i)incipal Amount ii) Interest due but not paid iii) Interest accrued but not due	294.64 - -	175.00 - -	- - -	469.64
Total (l+ii+iil)	294.64	175.00	0.00	469.64
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year  Addition Reduction	47.05 -	150.00	-	197.05
Net Change	47.05	150.00	0.00	197.05
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year i) Principal Amount ii) Interest due but not paid iii) Interest accrued but not due	341.69	325.00	-	666.69
Total (i+ii+iii)	341.69	325.00	0.00	666.69

# VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

SI.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/WTD/ Manager	In Lacs
		Mr. Sachit Kanwar Managing Director*	Total Amount
1.	Gross salary  (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	-	-
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	-	-
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961	-	-
2.	Stock Option	-	-

Elanner



3.	Sweat Equity	-	-
4.	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify	-	-
5.	Others, Cos. Contribution to PF/SA	-	-
	Total (A)		_
	Ceiling as per the Act	-	-

<sup>\*</sup>Token remuneration of Rs. 12.00 (Rupees Twelve) paid to Managing Director

#### B. Remuneration to other directors:

~	SI. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Nar	ne of Directors		Total Amount Rs. In Lacs
1		1. Independent Directors	Dr. Sanjeev Kumar	Mr. Rajiv Chandra Rastogi	Mr. V.K. Pargal	
		Fee for attending board / committee meetings	-	_	-	· -
		Commission	-	-	-	-
		Others, please specify	•	-	_	
		Total (1)		-	-	-
<b>~</b>		2. Other Non- Executive Directors	Mr. P.C. Kothari	Mr. Jagdeep Singh		
	· ·	• Fee for attending board / committee meetings	-	-		
		• Commission	-	_		
		Others, please specify	-	-		
		Total (2)	-	-	-	-
		Total (B)=(1+2)	-	-		-
		Total Managerial Remuneration		-	-	-
		Overall Celling	Rs. 1.00 Lac sitting	fees to a direc	tor per meeting	of the Board or
		as per the Act	Committee		147	77.8
		<u> </u>	1		<del>-  &gt; </del>	<u> </u>

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3.	Sweat Equity	-	
4.	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify	-	-
5.	Others, Cos. Contribution to PF/SA	-	-
	Total (A)	-	-
	Ceiling as per the Act	-	-

#### **B.** Remuneration to other directors:

SI. No		Na	me of Directors		Total Amount Rs. In Lacs
	1. Independent Directors	Dr. Sanjeev Kumar	Mr. Rajiv Chandra Rastogi	Mr. V.K. Pargal	
	<ul> <li>Fee for attending board / committee meetings</li> </ul>	-	-	-	_
	<ul><li>Commission</li><li>Others, please specify</li></ul>	- -	-	-	-
	Total (1)	-	-	-	-
	2. Other Non- Executive Directors	Mr. P.C. Kothari	Mr. Jagdeep Singh		
	Fee for attending board / committee meetings	-	-		
	Commission	-	_		
	Others, please specify	-	-		
	Total (2)	-	-	-	-
	Total (B)=(1+2)	-	-	-	-
	Total Managerial Remuneration	-	<del>-</del>	-	-
	Overall Ceiling as per the Act	Rs. 1.00 Lac sitting Committee	fees to a direct	tor per meeting	

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# C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTD

SI. no.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Manage	(In lacs)	
		Mr. Shalesh Kumar* Senior Manager- F&A & (CFO)	Mr. Nitin Tyagi Company Secretary	Total Amount
1.	Gross salary (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (b) Value of perquisites u/s	-	2.58	2.58
i	17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	-	-	-
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961	_	-	-
2.	Stock Option	-		-
3.	Sweat Equity	-	-	-
4.	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify	-	-	-
5.	Others, Cos. Contribution to PF/SA	-	0.14	0.14
	Total	-	2.72	2.72

### \* Draws remuneration from the Holding Company, Raunaq International Limited

#### VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Туре	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT / COURT]	Appeal made, if any (give Details)
A. COMPANY					
Penalty					<b>1</b>
Punishment					
Compounding				<u> 1                                    </u>	
B. DIRECTORS	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		· <del></del>	<del></del>
Penalty				<u> </u>	<del> </del> -
Punishment			NIL		
Compounding					<u> </u>
C. OTHER OFFICER	RS IN DEFAULT			<del></del>	<del></del>
Penalty		<u> </u>			
Punishment				ANTE D	<del>_</del>
Cempounding			<u> </u>	1/47	<b>V</b>

# CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

M-118, Connaught Circus, New Delhi - 110001

Phones: +91 (11) 4340 2222

2341 7659 2341 8130

Fax: +91(11) 2341 5796 E-mail: brmc@brmco.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### TO THE MEMBERS XLERATE DRIVELINE INDIA LIMITED

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Xlerate Driveline India Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2015, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's

Gurgaon Office: 312, 3rd Floor, JMD Pacific Square, Sector - 15 Part - II, Gurgaon - 122001 Phone: +91 (124) 4115 445 preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of an expressing an opinion whether the company has in place an adequate internal financial control system over financial reporting and operating effectiveness of such control.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2015, and its loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2015 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2015, we give in the Annexure a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far asit appears from our examination of those books and proper returns adequate for the purposes of our audit have been received from the branches not visited by us.
  - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account and with the returns received from the branches not visited by us.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the "Act", read with Rule7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2015 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31stMarch, 2015 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.



- f) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i) The Company did not have any pending litigations.
- The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there
  were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For B. R. Maheswari & Co,

**Chartered Accountants** 

FRN: 01035N

Sanyay Nath

Partner

Membership No. 82700

Place: New Delhi Date: 30<sup>th</sup> May 2015

#### ANNEXURE REFERRED TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT

#### Re: XLERATE DRIVELINE INDIA LIMITED

Referred to in paragraph 1 under "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date.

#### We report that:

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets on the basis of available information.
  - (b) As explained to us, the fixed assets were physically verified by the management in a phased manner over a period of two years which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the company and nature of its assets. According to the information given by the management, no discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (ii) (a) The inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year and in our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable.
  - (b) In our opinion the procedures for the physical verification of inventory followed by the management are reasonable and adequate in relation to the size of the Company and the nature of its business.
  - (c) The Company has maintained proper records of inventory. According to the information given by the management, no discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (iii) As informed, the company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of "the Act" and accordingly clauses (a) and (b) of para (iii) of the order are not applicable for the financial year 2014-15.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are adequate internal control procedures commensurate with the size and nature of its business with regard to purchases of inventory, fixed assets and with regard to the sale of properties and services. During the course of our audit, we have not observed any continuing failure to correct major weakness in internal controls system.
- (v) As informed, the company has not accepted any deposit during the year.
- (vi) As informed to us, the maintenance of cost records has not been prescribed by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect of the activities carried on by the Company.

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  (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including dues pertaining to Provident Fund, Income Tax, Wealth Tax Service Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it. We have been informed that there are no dues which have remained outstanding as at March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2015 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
  - (b) There are no disputed amount of statutory dues which have not been deposited with the concerned authorities.
  - (c) As informed, the company is not required to transfer any amount to Investor education and protection fund.
  - (viii) The accumulated losses of the company exceeded fifty percent of its net worth at the end of the financial year. The Company has incurred cash losses during the current year and also during immediately preceding financial year.
  - (ix) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not defaulted in repayment of its dues to a financial institution, banks or debenture holders during the year.
  - (x) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not given any guarantee for loans taken by others from banks or financial institutions.
  - (xi) To the best of our knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion, the term loans obtained during the year were, prima facie, applied by the Company for the purpose for which they were obtained, other than temporary deployment pending application.
  - (xii) To the best of our knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.

For B. R. Maheswari & Co,

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 01035N

Salijay IV

Membership No. 82700

Place: New Delhi Date: 30<sup>th</sup> May 2015

# XLERATE DRIVELINE INDIA LIMITED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2015

Particulars  Note No.  I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES (1) Shareholder's Funds (a) Share Capital (b) Reserves and Surplus  (2) Non-Current Liabilities (a) Long Term Borrowings (b) Long-Term Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)  (3) Current Liabilities (a) Short Term Borrowings (b) Trade Payables (c) Other Current Liabilities (d) Short-Term Provisions  Total  II.ASSETS (1) Non-Current Assets (a)Fixed Assets - Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Intangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (c) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances (e) Other Current Assets	As at	As at
(a) Share Capital (b) Reserves and Surplus  (2) Non-Current Liabilities (a) Long Term Borrowings (b) Long-Term Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (a) Short Term Borrowings (b) Trade Payables (c) Other Current Liabilities (d) Short-Term Provisions  (d) Short-Term Provisions  Total  II.ASSETS (1) Non-Current Assets (a) Fixed Assets - Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (c) Current Assets (a) Irade Receivables (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	31.03.2015	31.03.2014
1) Shareholder's Funds a) Share Capital (b) Reserves and Surplus  2) Non-Current Liabilities (a) Long Term Borrowings (b) Long-Term Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)  (3) Current Liabilities (a) Short Term Borrowings (b) Trade Payables (c) Other Current Liabilities (d) Short-Term Provisions  Total  II.ASSETS (1) Non-Current Assets (a)Fixed Assets - Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (2) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	₹ (in Lacs)	て (in Lacs)
1) Shareholder's Funds a) Share Capital b) Reserves and Surplus  2) Non-Current Liabilities (a) Long Term Borrowings (b) Long-Term Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (a) Short Term Borrowings (b) Trade Payables (c) Other Current Liabilities (d) Short-Term Provisions  Total  II.ASSETS (1) Non-Current Assets (a)Fixed Assets - Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (c) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances		
a) Share Capital (b) Reserves and Surplus  (2) Non-Current Liabilities (a) Long Term Borrowings (b) Long-Term Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)  (3) Current Liabilities (a) Short Term Borrowings (b) Trade Payables (c) Other Current Liabilities (d) Short-Term Provisions  (d) Short-Term Provisions  Total  II.ASSETS (1) Non-Current Assets (a)Fixed Assets - Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (c) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	1	
(2) Non-Current Liabilities (a) Long Term Borrowings (b) Long-Term Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)  (3) Current Liabilities (a) Short Term Borrowings (b) Trade Payables (c) Other Current Liabilities (d) Short-Term Provisions  Total  II.ASSETS (1) Non-Current Assets (a)Fixed Assets - Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (c) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	4 4 0 7 70	1 107 70
(2) Non-Current Liabilities (a) Long Term Borrowings (b) Long-Term Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)  (3) Current Liabilities (a) Short Term Borrowings (b) Trade Payables (c) Other Current Liabilities (d) Short-Term Provisions  Total  II.ASSETS (1) Non-Current Assets (a) Fixed Assets - Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (c) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	1,187.70 (574.04)	1,187.70 (354.11)
(a) Long Term Borrowings (b) Long-Term Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)  (3) Current Liabilities (a) Short Term Borrowings (b) Trade Payables (c) Other Current Liabilities (d) Short-Term Provisions  (a) Short-Term Provisions  (b) Inassets (c) Capital work in progress  (c) Current Assets (a) Fixed Assets (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (c) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	613.66	833.59
a) Long Term Borrowings (b) Long-Term Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)  (3) Current Liabilities (a) Short Term Borrowings (b) Trade Payables (c) Other Current Liabilities (d) Short-Term Provisions  (d) Short-Term Provisions  Total  II.ASSETS (1) Non-Current Assets (a) Fixed Assets - Intangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (c) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances		
(b) Long-Term Provisions (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)  (3) Current Liabilities (a) Short Term Borrowings (b) Trade Payables (c) Other Current Liabilities (d) Short-Term Provisions  (d) Short-Term Provisions  (a) Fixed Assets  - Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (c) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	325.00	175.33
(c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)  (3) Current Liabilities (a) Short Term Borrowings (b) Trade Payables (c) Other Current Liabilities (d) Short-Term Provisions  (d) Short-Term Provisions  (a) Fixed Assets  - Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (2) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	2.01	0.74
(3) Current Liabilities (a) Short Term Borrowings (b) Trade Payables (c) Other Current Liabilities (d) Short-Term Provisions  II.ASSETS (1) Non-Current Assets (a) Fixed Assets - Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (2) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	46.17	38.68
(a) Short Term Borrowings (b) Trade Payables (c) Other Current Liabilities (d) Short-Term Provisions  10  II.ASSETS (1) Non-Current Assets (a) Fixed Assets - Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (2) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	373.18	214.75
(a) Short Term Borrowings (b) Trade Payables (c) Other Current Liabilities (d) Short-Term Provisions  10  II.ASSETS (1) Non-Current Assets (a) Fixed Assets - Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (2) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances		
(b) Trade Payables (c) Other Current Liabilities (d) Short-Term Provisions  10  Total  II.ASSETS (1) Non-Current Assets (a) Fixed Assets - Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (2) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	341.69	294.64
(c) Other Current Liabilities (d) Short-Term Provisions  II.ASSETS (1) Non-Current Assets (a) Fixed Assets - Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (2) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	271.30	288.03
(d) Short-Term Provisions  II.ASSETS  (1) Non-Current Assets (a) Fixed Assets - Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (2) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	192.93	239.61
II.ASSETS  (1) Non-Current Assets (a) Fixed Assets - Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (2) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	99.62	68.55
II.ASSETS  (1) Non-Current Assets (a) Fixed Assets - Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (2) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	905.54	890.83
II.ASSETS  (1) Non-Current Assets (a) Fixed Assets - Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (2) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances		
(1) Non-Current Assets (a) Fixed Assets - Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (2) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	1,892.38	1,939.17
(a) Fixed Assets  - Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (2) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances		
- Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (2) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	•	İ
- Tangible assets - Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (2) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances		
- Intangible assets - Capital work in progress  (b) Long-Term loans and advances  (2) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	1,106.58	1,104.49
(b) Long-Term loans and advances  (2) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	8.32	1
(2) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	19.53	
(2) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances		1,134.79
(2) Current Assets (a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	8.15	8.15
(a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	8.15	8.15
(a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances		
(a) Inventories (b) Trade Receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	224,33	274.65
(c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	441.33	
(d) Short-term loans and advances	26.42	28.21
	57.70	
le) Other chilete wasco	0.07	
	749.80	796.2
See accompanying notes forming part of the Financial Statements 1-2	5	
Total	1,892.3	1,939.1

As per our report of even date attached

For B. R. Maheswart & Co. Chartered Aerountants

(Sanjay Nath) Partner

Membership No.: 82700

Firm Reg. No.: 001035N

Chairman

Chief Financial Officer

Stamai

Managing Director

...

Company Secretary

Directors

Place: New Delhi Dated: 30/05/2015

#### XLERATE DRIVELINE INDIA LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2015

	Particulars	Note No.	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2014 7 (in Lacs)
	Income:		· (m)	· ( acco)
	Revenue from Operations (Gross, Net of Turnover Discount)	18	2,060.27	1,623,77
	Less: Excise Duty		255.43	203.82
	Revenue from Operations (Net)	l 1	1,804.84	1,419.95
	Other Income	19	7.87	1.02
	Total Revenue	F	1,812.71	1,420.97
	Expenses:	l ľ		
•	- Cost of Material Consumed	20a	1,303.77	1,138.17
	- Changes In Inventories of Finished Goods & Work-In-Progress	20b	(36.76)	(95.99
	- Employee Benefits Expense	21	158.99	161,29
	- Finance Costs	22	76.01	45.18
	- Depreciation & amortization expenses	11c	48.42	33.54
	- Other Expenses	23	474.72	381.0
V	Total Expenses		2,025.15	1,663.2
,	Profit / (Loss) before exceptional and extraordinary items and tax	]	(212.44)	(242.2
n	Exceptional Items		-	-
ΛI	Profit / (Loss) before tax		(212.44)	(242.2
VIII	Tax expense:			
	- Current tax	<b>i</b> I	-	-
	- Deferred tax		7.49	25.0
IX	Profit / (Loss) after Tax		(219.93)	[267.3
x	Earnings per equity share in ₹:			
	(1) Basic		(1.85)	
	(2) Diluted		(1.85)	(2.2
	See accompanying notes forming part of the Financial Statements	1-26		

Chartered Accountants

Partner
Membership No. : 82700

Firm Reg. No.: 001035NACCO

Place: New Delhi Dated: 30/05/2015 832anveu

Chairman

Chief Financial Officer

Company Secretary

#### Xierate Driveline India Limited

	ASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR EN		For the year e	nded on
			March 31, 2015 (Rs. in Lacs)	March 31, 2014 (Rs. In Lecs)
	ASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
	et Profit after tax and extaordinary items		(219.93)	(267.31)
	Adjustments for:			
l		DeferredTax Lisbility	7.49	25.06
l	• .	Depreciation Expense	51.06	\$3.54
ŀ		Share Issue Expenses	•	0.01
ı		Profit on Sale of Assets	(0.06)	
l		Figança costs	<del>56</del> .48	36.99
ı		Other Income	(1.80)	(0.31)
ľ	Operating profit before working capital chang	<b>15</b>	(96.76)	(172-02)
Ì	Changes in working capital			ļ
ŀ	Adjustments for (increase)/decrease in operation	ng assets:		
ŀ		Inventories	50.32	(192.69)
1		Trade receivables	(12.75)	(329.31)
I		Long Term Loans and advances	-	2.73
1		Short term loans and advances	7.04	10.10
1		Other Current Assets	0.03	(0.05)
١	a haran and a same and a same and	It_Littet		
ļ	Adjustments for increase/(decrease) in operati		(16.73)	163.65
1		Trade & other Payables	(16.73) (46.68)	209.35
		Other current liabilities	(46.68) 31.07	57.06
		Short term provisions	1.26	57.06 0.46
		Long Term provisions	1.40	5.40
	Carls connected from anomalase		(83.20)	(250.72)
	Cash generated from operations  Net Cash flow from operating activities (A)		(83.20)	{250.72}
	LANCE CONTRACTOR IN COLOR OF CONTRACTOR AND		142-01	,
	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
	Purchase of Fixed Assets, including intangible a	assets capital work in progress and capital	(51.24)	(166.84)
	advances		4.00	^
	Interest income		1,80	0.31
	Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets		0.60	•
	Net Cash from/ (used) in investment activitie	s (B)	(48.84)	(166.53)
	1			
	CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from issue of share capital		-	25.00
	Finance cost		(66.48)	(36.99
	Proceeds from long / short term borrowings		226.36	585.33
	Repayments of Short / Long Term Borrowings		(29.64)	(155.35
	Share issue expenses		·- ,	(0.01
	Net Cash (used) / from financing activities (C	1	130.24	417.98
	Hear Cubu (resent) / Industriances sectains (c	•		
	Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash e		(1.80)	0.74
	Opening balance of Cash and cash equivaler	ts	28.22	27.47
	Closing balance of Cash and cash equivalent		26.42	28.21
	Reconciliation of Cash and cash equivalents	with the balance sheet		
	Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the	year comprises		
	- Cash on hand		0.22	0.20
	- Balances with banks:			
	(1) In current accounts		5.29	8.7
	(ii) in deposit accounts		-	19.2
		d as margin money against Letter of credit	3) 20.91	
			26.42	<u> </u>
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,	ar our report of even data attached	37 surver		schoun
	B, R. Maheswari & Co.	ے بیان میں میں ا	1) / V ma	WNUM
	ntered Accountants		KYYY	· · · · · ·
		alrman Managing Direct	tor. /	
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	men lar	ief Financial Officer Commany Secre	itary Directors	
	mbarship No. 82790 ACCOUNT	lef Financial Officer Company Secre	atary Directors	
2 / THE SE	men lar	ief Financial Officer Company Secre	atany Directors	<b>-</b>
	mental No. 27700 ACCOUNTS	jef Financial Officer Company Secre	atary Directors	. Tay
rte Vija na	Amhip No. 2790; ACCOUNT	ief Financial Officer Company Secre	atary Directors	Tay

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Notes Forming Part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2015

#### Note 1: Significant Accounting Policies

#### Note 1.1 Basis of Accounting & Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP) to comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis under the historical cost convention. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the previous year except for change in the accounting policy for depreciation [Refer Note 11].

#### Note 1.2 Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities on the date of financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Difference between actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which results are known / materialised.

#### Note 1.3 Fixed Assets

Fixed Assets are stated at cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated deprecation. Cost is inclusive of duties, taxes (non adjustable), any directly and indirectly attributed cost of bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use, including depreciation on the machines used for manufacturing of assets. Financing cost on borrowings for acquisition or construction of fixed assets, for the period upto the date of acquisition of fixed assets or when the assets are ready to put to use / the date of commencement of commercial production, is included in the cost of fixed assets.

#### Note 1.4 Depreciation

#### (A) Tangible Assets:

Depreciation on fixed assets has been provided on Straight Line Method (SLM) at the lives prescribed in part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### (B) Intangible Assets:

Intangible assets are amortised over a period of six years on the basis of technical report by experts.

#### Note 1.5 Inventories

#### Inventories are valued as follows:

#### a) Raw Material, store & spare parts and packing material:

Valued at lower of cost and net realisable value (NRV). However, these items are considered to be realisable at cost, if the finished products, in which they will be used, are expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost is determined on weighted average back

#### b) Work-in-progress:

Work-in- Progress valued at weighted average cost. The Cost includes Direct Materials, labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity.

#### c) Finished goods and stock-in-trade:

Valued at lower of cost and NRV. Finished goods cost includes cost of conversion and other cost incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost of inventories is computed on weighted average basis.

#### d) Waste / Scrap is valued at NRV:

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and

#### Note 1.6 Revenue Recognition

Sales are accounted on the basis of actual dispatches when significant risks and rewards of ownership are passed on to the customers. Sales are net of sales tax/value added tax/trade discounts.

Interest income is recognised on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and applicable interest rate.

Duty Drawback (Export Incentive) is reconginsed when the goods are handed over to Customs for exports.

#### Note 1.7 Investments

Investments are either classified as current or long term based on Management's intention at the time of purchase. Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value of each investment Individually. Long term investments include investment in wholly owned subsidiary which is also valued at cost. The provision is made to recognize any decline, other than temporary, in the valuation of investments on an individual basis.

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Notes Forming Part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2015

#### Note 1.8 Taxation

Tax expense for the year comprising current tax and deferred tax, is made on the basis of the results of the year. In Accordance with Accounting Standard 22 Accounting for Taxes on Income, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the deferred tax for timing differences between the book and the tax profits for the year is accounted for using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted as of the balance sheet date.

#### Note 1.9 Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share is calculated by dividing net profit/(loss) for the year attributable to equity shareholders by weighted average number of equity shares outstanding as at the end of financial year.

#### Note 1.10 Excise Duty

Excise duty is accounted on the basis of both, payments made in respect of goods cleared and also provision made for goods fying in bonded warehouses.

#### Note 1.11 Foreign Currency Transaction

All incomes or expenditure in foreign currency, are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates when the relevant transaction take place. All foreign currency monetary items outstanding at the year end are translated at year end exchange rates.

All other exchange differences are recognised as income or as expenses in the period in which they arise.

#### Note 1.12 Employee Benefits

#### (A) Defined Contribution Plan:

The Company's contributions to the provident fund are charged to the statement of profit & loss.

#### (B) Defined Benefit Plan / Long Term Compensated Absences:

The Company's liability towards gratuity (Unfunded), terminal ex-gratia (Unfunded) and compensated absences (Unfunded) is determined on the basis of the year end acturial valuation done by an independent actuary. The acturial gain and losses determinded by actuary are recognised immediately in the statement of profit & loss as on income or expense.

#### Note 1.13 Impairment of Assets

The carrying amount of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date, if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is further provided or reversed depending on changes in circumstances.

#### Note 1.14 Lease Rentals

Leases where significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by lessor are classified as operating leases and lease rentals thereon are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as per the lease agreement.

#### Note 1.15 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing Costs that are attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that take substantial period of time to get ready for intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are charged to revenue.

#### Note 1.16 Contingent Liabilities and Provisions

The company recognizes provision when there is a present obligation of the enterprise arising from the past events, the settlement of which is expected to result in an outflow from the enterprise of resources embodying economic benefits which can be measured only by using a substantial degree of estimation.

The company recognizes contingent liabilities for disclosure in notes to accounts (if any) if the following conditions are fulfilled:

- A possible obligation that arises from past events and the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company; or
- A present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognized because:
- It is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or
- A reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.



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Note 2 : Share Capital

	Particulars	As at 31.03.2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
1	AUTHORIZED CAPITAL  1,20,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each (1,20,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each)	1,200.00	1,200.00
		1,200.00	1,200.00
2	ISSUED . SUBSCRIBED & PAID UP CAPITAL  1,18,77,038 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up  (1,18,77,038 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each)	1,187.70	1,187.70
	Total	1,187.70	1,187.70

Note 2.1: The reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year set out below:-

	Particulars	Equity	Shares
		Number	Amount ₹ (in Lacs)
	Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	1,18,77,038	1,187.70
	Add: Shares issued during the year		-
	Less: Shares bought back during the year	-	
	Shares outstanding at the end of the year	1,18,77,038	1,187.70
1		L	

Note 2.2: The details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares

	Name of the Shareholder		As at 31.03.2015 As at (31.03.2014)	
		No. of Shares	% held	
1	M/s. Raunaq International Limited	1,18,77,038	100	
	- Holding company	(1,18,77,038)	(100)	

Note 2.3: Terms / Rights attached to Equity Shares

T		Particulars	
The Company has only one class of Equity Shares having par value of Rs.10/- per share. Each holder of Equity Sh.			
is entitled t	to one vote per sha	re	

Note 2.4: Aggregate no. of shares issued for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date:

ſ	. "	Particulars
ľ		The Company has issued 78,50,549 fully paid up equity shares during the Financial Year 2012-13 and 12,26,419 fully
١		paid up equity shares during the Financial Year 2013-14 for Rs. 10 each for a consideration other than cash.

Note 3: Reserves & Surplus

Particulars	As at 31.03.2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
Surplus in Statement of Profit & Loss		
Opening Balance	[ (354.11)	(85.80)
Add: Profit / (Loss) for the period	(219.93)	(267.31)
Closing Balance	(574.04)	(354.11)
Total	(574.04)	(354.1 <u>1)</u>

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Note 4 : Long Term Borrowings

	Particulars	As at 31.03.2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
	Unsecured Loan from Related Party - From Company In which KMP / Relatives of KMP can exercise significant influence (Loan @ 10% P.A.)	125.00	125.00
	- From Holding Company (Loan @ 10% P.A.)	150.00	
į	- From Director (Loan @ 12% P.A.)	50.00	50.33
	Total	325.00	175.33

Note 5 : Long Term Provisions

Particulars	As at 31.03.2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
Provision for Employee Benefits -Gratuity	2.01	0.74
Total	2.01	0.74

Note 6 : Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2015 7 (in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
Components of Deferred Tax Balances		
Tax effect of items constituting Deferred Tax Liability		
On difference between book balance & tax balance of Fixed Assets		
Opening Balance	39.92	14.3
Add: Addition during the year	8.37	25.6
	48.29	39.9
Less: Deduction during the year	-	_
Closing Balance	48.29	39.9
Tax effect of items constituting Deferred Tax Assets		
Disallowances under Section 438 of the Income Tax Act 1961		
Opening Balance	1.24	0.0
Add: Addition during the year	0.88	0.1
	2.12	1.
Less: Deduction during the year	•	
Closing Balance	2.12	1.
Total	46.17	38.

Note 7 : Short Term Borrowings

Particulars	As at 31.03.2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
<u>Loan repayable on demand</u> - CC limit from OBC Bank (Secured against Stock and Debtor)	265.33	294.64
- NSIC RMA Account (Secured against Bank Guarantee from OBC Bank)	76.36	-
 Total	341.69	294.64

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Note 8 : Trade Payables

	Particulars	As at 31.03.2015 ₹ (In Lacs)	As at 31.03.2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
ļ i	Trade Payable		
	- Payable to Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises	-	-
	- Others	271.30	288.03
	Total	271.30	288.03

Note 9 : Other Current Liabilities

Particulars	As at 31.03.2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
Other Payables		
- Statutory Dues	6.29	6.37
- Payables on Purchase of Fixed Assets & CWIP <	5.25	5.71
- Customers credit balances	5.07	2.39
- Security Deposit from Customers	25.26	35.00
- Other Payables	151.06	190.14
		\
Total	192.93	239.61

Note 10 : Short-Term Provisions

Particulars	As at 31.03.2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
- Provision for Employee Benefits	4.70	3.27
- Provision for Excise duty on Finished Goods	13.20	13.69
- Provision for Turnover Discounts	44.44	41.94
- Other Provisions	37.28	9.65
Total	99.62	68.55





# Xlerate Driveline India Limited

₹ (in Lacs)

11. Fixed Assets

į										Net Rinck	اعد
			Genes River	Pork			Depreciation				
Š.	Particulars	As on 01.04.2014	Adultions	Deduction during the	As of 31.03.2015	As at 01.04.2014	Additions during the year*	Deduction during the	As at 31.03.2015	As at 31.03.2015	As at \$1.03.2024
<b>2</b>		Т	mad am fluend	2						1	20.407
:	Tanelble Assets	,			C24 34	•		,	• !	\$ 10 to 10 t	F TO
!	hwo!	534.34	. !	,	AA AA				49.78	396,70	424,12
> _	Algina & MacMost	445.76	0.72	, ;	440.40			90'0	24.28	108.18	81.45
, `	AT Acts and Dies	85.58	47.38	28:0	04:3CT	7. 7	02.0		2.54	14.71	14.91
_	A Cleanar Installation	17.25	•		67.7			•	0.88	7.72	797
		3.10	•	•	200				7.64	43:36	39.83
	S Ad Conditioned	47.52	3.48	•	21.00				4.91	6.31	6.62
>	6 Furnitures & Forures	10.99	0.23	٠	11.22				0.14	0.77	•
<u>``</u>	Computer	٠	0.91	•	0.91	•	***				
	A Omice Equipment						60.03	50.0	90.17	1,106,59	1,104.49
<u>&gt;</u>	-	1 144 64	\$2.72	09'0	1,196.76	40.15	ON THE	3			
_	Sub Total - Tangible Assets	The state of the s									
116		76.0	1.00		10.34	1.03	0.98	ı	2.01	8.33	8,31
_	Softwares	;					8	,	2.01	8.33	8.31
:	after a fall and a fall of the fall of	9.34	1.00	•	10.34	1.03	e e				
							2	900	92.18	1,114,92	1,112.79
		1,153,98	53.72	09'0	1,207.10	41.18	ONTC				
	(Total [a + b ] (Current Tear)										
•	The very distribution of the very	.•					(2.64)				
		:			of the t	41.18	48.42	90'0	92.18	1,114.92	1,112.79
1	Т	1,153.98	53.72		7,00,10			L	41.19	1,112.79	832.01
<u>기</u>	7	835.25	324.65	5.92	1,153.98	\$7.5					
	(Previous Tear)										
										19.52	22.00
			ļ							19.52	11.99
	Sub Total - Capital work-in-progress										

-\*As a result of change in accounting policy depreciation for the current year is lower by ₹9.94 Lacs (see Note 24.1)

The depreciation expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year is lower by ₹4.21 lacs consequent to the above change in the method of depreciation. The depreciation expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year is higher by ₹3.35 lacs consequent to the change in the useful life of the assets.





Note 12: Long Term Loans and Advances

Particulars	As at 31.03.2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
- Security Deposits	8.15	8.15
Total	8.15	8.15

Note 13: Inventories

Particulars	As at 31.03.2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
- Raw Material & Components	77.25	161.42
- Work-in-Progress	46.38	-
- Finished Goods	97.61	107.23
- Stores Consumables	3.09	6.00
Total	224.33	274.65

Note 14 : Trade Receivables

Particulars	As at 31.03.2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
Unsecured, Considered Good: - Outstanding for less than six months - Outstanding for more than six months	436.14 5.19	428.58
Total	441.33	428.58

Note 15 : Cash & Cash Equivalents

Part	iculars	As at 31.03.2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
1 <u>Cash-in-Hand</u> - Cash Balance		0.22	0. <u>2</u>
- Cash balance	Sub Total (A)	0.22	0.2
2 Balances with Banks	•	F 20	8.7
-In Current Accounts -In Deposit Accounts*		5.29 20.91	19.3
	Sub Total (B)	26.20	28.0
		20.12	28.3
Total [A + B]		26.42	

<sup>\*</sup> Fixed deposit of Rs.20.91 Lacs pledged as margin money with bank.





Note 16 : Short Term Loans and Advances

Particulars	As at 31.03.2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
- Supplier Advances (Unsecured, considered good)	2.41	3.85
- Other Advances (Unsecured, considered good)	9.68	-
- Prepaid Expenses (Unsecured, considered good)	1.49	1.84
- Balances with Government Authorities (Unsecured Considered good) (i) CENVAT credit receivable (ii) Service Tax credit receivable	2.64 13.35 26.29	17.82 13.93 27.17
(iii) VAT Input credit receivable (iv) Duty Drawback receivable	1.66	-
- Advance Income Tax / TDS	0.18	0.13
Total	57.70	64.74

Note 17 : Other Current Assets

Particulars	As at 31.03.2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
- Interest accrued on fixed deposits with banks	0.02	0.05
Total	0.02	0.05





#### **Xlerate Driveline India Limited**

Note 18: Revenue from Operations

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
- Sale of products	2,037.50	1,615.32
- Other Operating revenues (Sale of Scrap)	22.77	8.45
	2,060.27	1,623.77
- Less:		
- Excise Duty	255.43	203.82
Total	1,804.84	1,419.95

Note 19: Other Income

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
- Interest Income on Fixed Deposits	1.79	0.31
- Interest Received Others	0.01	-
- Discount Received	-	0.17
- Foreign Exchange Fluctuation Gain	2.40	0.04
- Provisions written off	-	0.50
- Export Incentives	3.61	-
- Profit on Sale of Assets	0.06	-
Total	7.87	1.02

Note 20a: Cost of Material Consumed

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
RAW MATERIAL CONSUMPTIONS		
Opening Stock	161.42	62.59
ADD:- Purchases	1,219.60	1,237.00
,	1,381.02	1,299.59
LESS:- Closing Stock	77.25	161.42
Total (a+b)	1,303.77	1,138.17

Note 20b : Changes in Inventories of finished Goods & work-in-progress

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
1 Inventories (at the end of the year)		
Finished Goods	97.61	107.23
Work-in-progress	46.38	<u> </u>
	143.99	107.23
2 Inventories (at the beginning of the year) Finished Goods Work-in-progress	107.23	11.24
4401K-11-bin Pi ess	107.23	11.24
Total	(36.76)	(95.99

Note 21 : Employee Benefits Expense

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
1 Salary & Wages	148.78	148.98
2 Contribution to Provident & other Funds	5.59	5.82
3 Staff Welfare Expenses	4.62	6.49
Total	158.99	161.29

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#### **Xlerate Driveline India Limited**

Note 22 : Finance Costs

	Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
	Interest Expenses on (i) Borrowings	66.48	36.99
	Other borrowing costs (Bank & other financing charges)	9.53	8.19
_	Total	76.01	45.18

Note 23 : Other Expenses

	Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
1	Consumption of Production & Other Consumables	84.16	84.30
2	Power, Fuel & Electricity Expenses	20.11	19.83
	Job Work Expenses	67.16	46.87
4	Freight & other charges	65.88	57.47
5	Repair & Maintainance Expenses	21.22	4.66
6	Professional charges	14.11	34.56
7	Printing & Stationery	2.97	2.37
8	Postage, Telegram, Telephone & Telefax Expenses	0.97	1.09
9	Insurance Expenses	2.55	1.99
10	Advertisement, Marketing, Selling & Distribution Expenses	113.97	91.82
11	Rent & Car Hire Expenses	25.98	20.01
12	Security Service Charge	5.99	4.6
13	Travelling, Conveyance, Boarding & Lodging Expenses	3.60	6.63
14	Rates & Taxes	0.02	0.03
15	Warranty Claim Expenses	41.70	)] -
16	Miscellaneous Expenses	2.86	3.2
17	Payment to Auditors (refer footnote (i) below)	1.47	1.5
	Total	474.72	381.0

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
Payment to Auditors - For statutory audit	0.60	0.60
- For Tax audit	0.20	0.20
- For Limited Review	0.60	0.60
- For Re-imbursement of Expenses	0.07	0.14
Total	1,47	1.54

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#### Note 24: Additional information to the Financial Statements

Note 24.1 Change in policy

During the Year ended March 31, 2015, the Company has reviewed its policy of providing for depreciation on its fixed assets and has also reassessed their useful lives. On and From April 1, 2014, the straight line method is being used to depreciate all class of fixed assets, Previously, fixed assets were being depreciated using reducing balance method. The revised useful lives, as assessed match with those specified in Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, for all classes of assets other than leasehold improvements, intangible assets. As a result of this change, the surplus depreciation has been netted off against the depreciation for the year ended March 31, 2015 (Refer Note 11).

Note 24.2 : Earnings in foreign exchange

	Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
	- Export of goods calculated on FOB basis	103.79	58.58
İ	- Foreign Exchange Fluctuation Gain	2.69	0.04

Note 24.3 : Value of Imports calculated on CIF basis

1000 23,0	Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
	- Raw Material	49.69	119.61

#### Note 24.4: Imported and indigenous raw Material, components and spare parts consumed

Particulars	For the Year E 31st March, 2015 (31st	
	₹ (in Lacs)	%
Raw Material - Imported	37.62 (128.98)	2.89 (11.33)
- Indigenous	1,266.15 (1,009.18)	97.11 (88.67)
Other Consumables - Indigenous	84.16 (84.30)	100.00 (100.00)

#### Note 24.5 : Lease Rentai

In accordance with the Accounting Standard on 'Leases' (AS 19), notified by the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, the following disclosures in respect of Operating Leases are made:

The Company has acquired properties under cancellable operating leases for a period of 20 years. The total minimum lease payments for the current year, in respect thereof, included under Rent, amounts to Rs. 26.84 lacs (Previous Year Rs.24.60 Lacs). The future minimum lease payments in respect of properties taken under cancellable operating lease are as follows:

Period	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2015 7 (in Lacs)	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
Not later than one year	26.84	24.60
Later than one year but not later than 5 years	119.98	114.29
More than 5 years	526.53	559.07

Note 24.6: Capitalization of Expenditure

During the year the Company has capitalized the following expenses of revenue nature to the cost of fixed assets / capital work in progress.

Consequently, expenses disclosed under the respective notes are net of amount capitalized by the company.

Consequently, expenses disclosed under the respective later  Particulars		For the Year Ended 31st March, 2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
Salary, Wages & Contribution to Funds Power & Fuel Rent & Car Hire Expenses Repair & maintainences Insurance Depreciation Consumables Job-work & Processing Charges Cost of Material	TO VICE OF STREET	10.11 1.94 2.22 1.41 0.06 2.64 5.59 1.98 21.43	20.07 4.00 2.64 1.24 0.07 4.41 8.45 9.26 33.23



#### Note 25: Disclosure under Accounting Standards

#### Note 25.1: Employee Benefits:

#### Defined Contribution Plan:

The Company's contributions to the provident fund are charged to the profit and loss statement.

#### Defined Benefit Plan / Long Term Compensated Absences:

The Company's liability towards Gratuity (Unfunded) and compensated absences is determined on the basis of the year end actuarial valuation done by an independent actuary. The actuarial gains and losses determined by the actuary are recognized immediately in the profit and loss statement as an income or expense.

Details of employees benefits as required by the Accounting Standards-15 "Employee Benefits" are as follows: -

#### Note 25.1a: Defined Contribution Plans:

During the year, the company has recognised the following amounts in the profit & loss statement:

<u> </u>	Particulars	as at 31.03.2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	as at 31.03.2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
	-Contribution to Provident Fund & Family Pension Fund	4.89	4.98

#### Note 25.1b: Defined Benefit Plans:

#### Gratuity (Un-Funded)

The Company has an obligation towards gratuity, an un-funded defined benefits retirement plan covering eligible employees. The plan provides for lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death while in employment or on termination of the employment, of an amount calculated in accordance with the provisions of the payment of Gratulty Act, 1972.

	Particulars Gratulty		Jn-Funded	
		as at 31.03.2015	as at 31.03.2014	
		₹ (in Lacs)	₹ (in Lacs)	
	Expense recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss	1		
	Current service cost	1.03	0.61	
	Interest Cost	0.06	0.03	
	Expected return on Plan Assets	-	-	
	Past Service Cost	0.43	(0.17)	
1	Actuarial Losses/(Gains)	0.17	(0.17)	
	Total expenses recognised in the Profit & Loss Account	1.26	0,46	

Particulars	2014-15 ₹ (in Lacs)	2013-14 ₹ (in Lacs)
Net asset/(liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet	· [	
Present Value of Defined Benefits Obligation Fair value of Plan Assets Funded Status [Surplus/(Deficit)] (Net asset) / Liability recognised in the Balance Sheet	2.01 (2.01) 2.01	0.74 - (0.74) 0.74

Particulars	2014-15 ₹ (in Lacs)	2013-14 ₹ (in Lacs)
Change in Defined Benefit Obligation during the year		
Present value of Defined Benefit Obligation as at the beginning of the year	0.74	0.28
Current Service Cost	1.03	0.61
Interest Cost	0.06	0.03
Actuarial Losses /(Gains)	0.17	(0.17)
Benefits paid		
Present value of Defined Benefits Obligation as at the end of the year	2.01	0.74

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	Particulars	Gratuity Un	-Funded
		2014-15	2013-14
	Actuarial Assumptions		
1	Economic		
	Discount Rate	8.00%	9.00%
	Salary escalation Rate	5.00%	5.00%
2	Demographic		
	Withdrawal rate (Per Annum)	2.00%	2.00%
	Retirement Age	58 Years	58 Years
		IALM 2006-08	IALM 2006-08
	Mortality Table	Ultimate	Ultimate

Earned Leave & Abse	Compensated nces	
as at 31.03.2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	as at 31.03.2014 ₹ (in Lacs)	
1.54	1.01	
0.10	0.07	
-1	-	
-	-	
0.02	(0.53)	
1.66	0.55	
-	Abse as at 31.03.2015 ₹ (in Lacs) 1.54 0.10	

Particulars Particulars	2014-15 ₹ {in Lacs}	2013-14 ₹ (in Lacs)
Net asset/(liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet		"
Present Value of Defined Benefits Obligation	2.94	1.28
Fair value of Plan Assets Funded Status [Surplus/(Deficit)]	(2.94)	- (1.28)
(Net asset) / Liability recognised in the Balance Sheet	2.94	1.28

	Particulars	2014-15 ₹ (in Lacs)	2013-14 ₹ (in Lacs)
	Change in Defined Benefit Obligation during the year		
	Present value of Defined Benefit Obligation as at the beginning of the year	1.28	0.74
1	Current Service Cost	1.54	1.01
Į.	Interest Cost	0.10	0.07
1	Actuarial Losses /(Gains)	0.02	(0.53)
	Benefits paid	<u> </u>	-
	Present value of Defined Benefits Obligation as at the end of the year	2.94	1.28
1	i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		

	Particulars	Earned Leave & 0 Absen	-
		2014-15	2013-14
-	Actuarial Assumptions		· · · · ·
1	Economic		
	Olscount Rate	8.00%	9.00%
	Salary escalation Rate	5.00%	5.00%
2	Demographic		
	Withdrawal rate (Per Annum)	2.00%	2.009
	Retirement Age	58 Years	58 Year
	· ·	IALM 2006-08	IALM 2006-0
	Mortality Table	Uitimate	Ultimat
	Mortality Table	Uitimate	



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Note 25.2 : Segment Reporting

		Particulars Particular Particula		
		n in Accounting Standard on "Segment Reporti		e Institute of
Chartereo A	accountants of India, this	Accounting Standard is not Applicable to the Co	ompany.	

Note 25.3: Related Party Transactions

	Particulars	
25.3a	Related Parties Disclosure in accordance with Accounting Standard (As	3) 18 of the Institute of Chartered Accountants o
	Name of Related Party	Relationship
(i)	Sh. Surinder P. Kanwar (SPK)	
(ii)	Sh. Sachit Kanwar (SK)	
(iii)	Sh. Prabhat Chand Kothari (PCK)	Key Management Personnel (KMP)
(iv)	Sh. Jagdeep Singh (JS)	

(₩)	Sh. Jagdeep Singh (JS)		
	Particulars		
25.3b	Enterprises over which KMP is able to exercise significant influence:		<del></del> -
(i)	Bharat Gears Limited (BGL)		
(ii)	Raunag International Limited (RIL)		
(iii)	Vibrant Finance & Investment Pvt. Ltd. (VFIPL)		
(iv)	Gulab Merchandise Pvt. Ltd. (GMPL)		
(v)	Future Consultants Pvt. Ltd. (FCPL)		
(vi)	Ultra Consultants Pvt. Ltd. (UCPL)		
(vii)	Clip-lok Simpak (India) Pvt. Ltd. (CSIPL)		
(viii)	Samreet Investment & Management Consultancy Pvt. Ltd. (SIMCPL)		
	Note: Related parties are as identified by the Company.		
•	Particulars	2014-15	2013-14
		₹ (in Lacs)	₹ (in Lacs)
25.3c	Details of related party transaction during the year:	\ (iii racs)	/ (iu race)
(i)	1		
(ii)	Unsecured Loan (GMPL) Interest on above Loan (GMPL)	-	30.0
(iii)	Unsecured Loan (UCPL)	7.00	8.5
(iv)	Interest on above Loan (UCPL)	-	55.0
(v)	Unsecured Loan (SPK) /	5.50	3.7
(v) (vi)	Interest on above Loan (SPK)		150.0
(vii)	Unsecured Loan (RIL)	6.00	2.8
(viii)	Interest on above Loan (RIL)	150.00	
` .	Personal Guarantee of (SPK and SK) offered to Oriental bank of commerce	6.01	
(ix)	for Credit Limit availed	405.00	405
(x)	Unsecured Loan (SK)	405.00	405.0
(xi)	Interest on above Loan (SK)	-	50.0 2.3
(xii)	Purchase of Goods & Services (RIL) /	- 8.57	227.0
(xiii)	Reimbursement of expenses to (RIL)	0.88	12.5
	Corporate Guarantee of (RIL) offered for credit limits availed by company	V.00	12
(xiv)	to Oriental Bank of Commerce	405.00	405.0
(xv)	Issue of Share Capital (RIL)	-05.00	147.0
(xvi)	Job Work (BGL)	_	0.0
(xvii)	Marketing Services Fee (BGL)	105.84	84.5
	Particulars		
	Balance outstanding as at the end of the year in respect of the transact	ions optored late du	
25.3d	related parties.	aons entereu mito du	ning the rear with t
	- Ciocco purices.		
	Particulars	as at 31.03.2015	as at 31.03.201
		₹ (in Lacs)	₹ (in Lacs)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Amounts payable to:	V (in cacs)	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	- Mr. SPK	EA 00	
	- M/s. Gulab Merchandise Pvt. Ltd.	50.00 70.00	50.3
	- M/s. Ultra Consultants Pvt. Ltd.	70.00 55.00	
	- M/s. Bharat Gears Ltd.	27.43	55.0
	- M/s. Raunag International Limited	27.43 13.92	
	- M/s. Raunag International Limited		55.8
	and a second section of connectitions)	150.00	i





Γ	Particulars Particulars
	 No amounts have been written off/provided for or written back during the year in respect of amount receivable from or payable to the related parties.
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Note 25.4: Details of Leasing arrangements

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2015 ₹ (in Lacs)	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2014 ₹ (in Lacs)
- Operating Lease : (Cancellable) Lease payments recognised in the statement of profit and loss for the year	22.38	18.83

Note 25.5 : Earnings Per Share

	Particulars	For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended
		31st March, 2015	31st March, 2014
(a)	Basic and diluted  Net Profit / (Loss) for the year attributable to the equity Shareholders (₹ In Lacs)	(219.93)	(267.31)
(b)	Weighted average number of equity shares (Nos.)  - Number of Equity Shares at the beginning of the year  - Number of Equity Shares allotted during the year  - Weighted average of Equity Shares allotted during the year  - Weighted average for:  (I) Basic Earnings Per Share  (ii) Diluted Earnings Per Share	11,877,038 - 11,877,038 11,877,038	10,400,619 1,476,419 1,428,241 11,828,860 11,828,860
(c)	Par value per share (In ₹)	10	10
(d)	Earnings Per Share (in ₹) (i) Basic Earnings Per Share (ii) Diluted Earnings Per Share	(1.85) (1.85)	

Note 26 : Previous Year's Figures				
	Particulars			
	Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's			
	classification / disclosure.			

As per our report of even date attached

For B. R. Maheswari & Co.

Chartered Accountants

(Sanjay Nath) Circus Delhi

Membership No.: 82760

Firm Reg. No.: 001035N

Place: New Delhi Dated: 30/05/2015 Slannar

Chairman

Chief Financial Officer

Managing Director

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Company Secretary

Directors

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